THE WEATHER
Unsettled tonight and Sunday probably showers.

THE CAPITAL TIMES

Only Newspaper in Madison Receiving Full Leased Wire Service of The Associated Press

The circulation of The Capital times Friday was 8,003

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AUSTRIAN ARMISTICE REJECTED

GERMANS ARE EVACUATING BRUSSELS

ENEMY MOVES RAPIDLY ON BELGIAN LINE

British Find Difficulty in Keeping Pace With Retreating Germans

BULLETIN.
(By the Associated Press)

LONDON (2:30 p. m.)—Allied troops have captured the whole of the Belgian coast, according to information received by the Evening News. The allied line now extends from a position on the Dutch coast to the east of Bruges and to the south of Courtrai.

BULLETIN

AMSTERDAM—The evacuation of Brussels by the Germans has already been begun, according to M. Heinrich, an activist Belgian deputy.

The deputy is quoted thus by the correspondent of the Nieuwe Van Den Hage at Rosendaal, on the Dutch frontier, who says the deputy himself has arrived at Brussels. The evacuation reports, it is declared, refer to the German troops and not to the civilian population of the city.

LONDON (1 p. m.)—The Germans were still holding the outskirts of Zee Brugge this morning, although the Belgian forces in their eastward advance had reached the Zee Brugge-Bruges canal. ...

BULLETIN

AMSTERDAM (1:05 p. m.)—Belgian troops have entered the Belgian town of Eecloo, according to a dispatch from Sluis to the Telegraaf. Six thousand Germanss have given up in against the Dutch frontier.

Many German columns with numerous guns and automobiles traveling eastward, are passing Sluis, a town on the Holland frontier 10 miles northeast of Bruges. German sentinels have abandoned their posts on the canal at Sluis.

BULLETIN.

WITH THE ALLIED FORCES IN BELGIUM—The towns of Cheluwe, Vive Vred and Cattelet have been captured by the allied forces.

The entire British and Belgian line was moving forward this morning. The Belgians were gaining and the British in the face of strong opposition, occupied the Roulers railway, to the north of the French boundary of Tourcoing and ...

BULLETIN.

LONDON—Field Marshal Haig's troops have forced the Marcq river valley, advanced between Comines and the river Scarpe.

The British reached a line ... with their line south ... Scarpe.

BULLETIN.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES NORTHWEST OF VERDUN—(Friday) General Pershing's troops continued to improve their positions in the region of Bantheville wood of Exotheville. There are some indications that the Germans are planning a withdrawal which are believed to be ... of defenses a few miles ...

... retirement of the ... believed to be due to the ... on of Americans at ... Kriemhilde line between ... Georges where ... g's men are steadily ...

... Nearly Straight

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE (Friday) British troops ... straight north and ... Douai and Lille. The line ran ... to Thumeries to ... la Beuvreirie to Marquette to Vendeville to west ... Lille.

... Repulse Attack

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES NORTHWEST OF VERDUN — The Germans early this morning launched a counter attack on the American ... La Grande Montagne which was repulsed.

Continued on Page ...

Loan Quota Is Oversubscribed

LOST SEWAGE NOT IN LAKE SAYS EXPERT

Agent of Designers of Disposal Plant Says Sun Causes Stench

There is no "lost" sewage finding its way into Lake Monona, according to L. R. Howson, chief assistant engineer for Alvord & Busdick, designers of the sewage disposal plant, who made an inspection of the plant yesterday. Prior to returning to Camp Grant, where he is directing government work, Mr. Howson told Mayor Sayle that the sewage is being efficiently disposed of and that the plant is working satisfactorily. The lake stench, he said, was caused by the heat of the sun. He expects to have a detailed report in the mayor's hands within a few days.

CANTEEN AND MENDING TO FEATURE CLUB

Army and Navy Rooms in Need of Magazines and Games

Canteen service every afternoon and evening, a mending committee every Tuesday and Friday evenings, are two of the established features for the new Army and Navy club plans for which have been inaugurated into the club program.

The Red Cross canteen committee will have charge of the lunch counter, with candies, cigarettes, sandwiches, coffee, and such on hand for the service men who visit the club. The War Mothers' club has made plans for the darning of socks, sewing on buttons, mending rips, and other clothes repair work in general. They will have a committee at the club, supplied with sewing machines, two evenings a week to take care of all the odd sewing jobs brought in by the soldiers and sailors in Madison. This work will be begun as soon as the club is formally opened.

Magazines, victrola records, games, such as checkers and chess, and anything which could be used for the entertainment of the service men is wanted at the club. Anyone having such articles to contribute is asked to call Charles M. Brown at the club rooms, B 1023, and the articles will be sent for.

The finishing touches are being added to the rooms. The formal opening will depend upon the lifting of the epidemic closing ban. The men will be welcomed informally as soon as the rooms are in readiness.

STATE IS BLAMED FOR FOREST FIRES

Forester Says Reduced Appropriations Enable Flames to Spread

FEDERAL DAM, Minn.—W. T. Cox, state forester, issued a statement here early this afternoon in which he declared that the blame for the Minnesota forest fires must be borne by the state legislature. Reduced appropriations, making efficient forest patrol work impossible, enabled the flames to cause such such historic devastation, he said

NEW YORK — The Atlantic division of the American Red Cross has received a call from overseas for 15,000 nurses' aides for service in France.

GERMAN REPLY HELD UP BY DISTURBANCES

(By the Associated Press)

WASHINGTON—Diplomatic dispatches today based on advices from Berlin through Basel, Switzerland, say Germany's response to President Wilson's note was held up at the last moment after a five-hour session of the war cabinet Tuesday with all the military leaders present, and after the semi-official newspapers had announced that the reply would be sent immediately.

It was learned, the dispatches declare, that the questions involved were so serious and the conditions in Germany so disquieting, that the imperial government wished to take further deliberations before a final decision.

The Vorwaerts is quoted as follows:

"The German answer may not be ready before several days. The opinion of the federal councils committee for foreign affairs will be asked for. The government is believed to be contemplating the convoking of the great commission of the reichstag to explain the matter to it instead of assembling the reichstag as has been announced."

The Vorwaerts also publishes an article which says that at the factories in Berlin the workmen openly assert a ministry headed by Haase and Ledebour will shortly be formed to represent the working class and be supported by the workmen's committees.

WOMEN ARE ACCEPTED BY WAR BOARD

Miss Dennis and Mrs. McMullen Represent Labor and Employers

At a meeting of the community war labor board held late Friday afternoon Miss Sylvia M. Dennis and Mrs. C. L. McMullen were formally accepted as members of the board, Miss Dennis to represent organized labor and Mrs. McMullen to represent Madison employers. The women were selected more than a week ago by the Madison Federation of Labor and the manufacturers, and their names submitted to the board for approval.

Miss Dennis is a graduate of the Oregon high school and taught in Dane county schools six years. For eighteen months she has been employed by the French Battery company. She lives at 602 South Baldwin street.

Mrs. McMullen is the wife of the sales manager for the Fuller and Johnson company and has been employed by the company as confidential clerk and stenographer.

SOLDIER PARTIES TO BE REGULATED

Churches Planning to Cooperate on Plans of Entertainment

Madison churches are considering a plan of cooperative entertainment for the soldiers and sailors in Madison. A committee for this purpose has been appointed by the Madison Church federation. The plans are still in the process of formation.

The move to regulate the entertainments, which heretofore have been held by the churches according to individual wishes, comes as a result of the order placing all entertainment of any kind outside of the university under the auspices of the War Camp Community Service committee, of which Charles M. Brown, local representative of the Fosdick recreational commission, is in charge. All entertainments are required to have the approval of this committee.

UNOFFICIAL FIGURES NEAR $115,000

Total Will be Known After Subscription go Through Banks

Madison has oversubscribed her fourth Liberty loan quota by about $115,000, according to unofficial figures. Many of the subscriptions have been turned into headquarters, but have not been verified, but it is known that the quota of $2,884,000 which was allotted to the city had been reached this morning.

Complete official figures will be given out too late for publication in the afternoon papers.

OFFICIAL LOAN FIGURES

City subscriptions	$2,787,300
Madison township subscriptions	-58,350
Total toward city quota	2,845,650
City quota	2,884,400
Necessary to raise	-38,750
City increase since Oct. 18	35,100
No. of city subscribers	13,614
County subscriptoins	2,423,200
Quota outside Madison	2,338,200
County has oversubscribed	85,000
No. of county subers	-12,210

Captains and their aids succeeded in bringing in $154,400 during the last twenty-four hours, closing Friday night. This represents the amount actually cleared through the banks. Many smaller subscriptions were brought in today and the tabulation at noon showed an increase of $35,100. This leaves $38,750 to raise, according to official reckoning.

$5,000,000,000 By Noon

WASHINGTON — Hundreds of cities and towns before noon today reported completing the quotas allotted to them in the fourth liberty loan and went forward during the afternoon to pile up oversubscriptions. Federal reserve district managers telegraphed headquarters that so many towns had reported above the 100 per cent mark that clerical help was not available to compile lists and forward them to Washington.

By noon the national managers estimated that total subscriptions had gone above $5,000,000,000 although they had few definite official reports to back up these calculations. The campaign during the last hours of the afternoon and evening they said, probably would bring in nearly a billion dollars.

Banks have 5 days in which to count up this hour flood of subscriptions, together with initial payments and report to federal reserve banks. The reserve banks will begin next Thursday to figure up their district totals, and it probably will be 10 days before the success of the loan is finally known.

BELGIANS SINK GERMAN SHIPS

Refugees Report Shooting to Pieces of Boats Carrying War Material

LONDON—Refugees arriving in Holland from Belgium report that a number of ships on the Eecloo canal, carrying German officers and war material, were shot to pieces and sunk with all on board by Belgian troops Friday afternoon, says a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Exchange Telegraph.

The German troops, according to the refugees, are retreating toward Ghent and Antwerp.

WINONA—Eleven Spanish influenza victims have died here during the past 24 hours. Twenty deaths have been reported in the city since the epidemic started and four in other parts of the county.

Hungarians Place Blame for Plight

(By the Associated Press)

AMSTERDAM (Friday)— Before Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, addressed the Hungarian independent party accused the Austro-Hungarian ministry and the delegation of "being the sole cause of the monarchy's collapse and the pitiable plight in which Hungary finds herself" according to the Berlin Zeitung Am Mittag.

Premier Wekerle, in reply declared:

"We have done so much to bring about peace that we have finally made ourselves a laughing stock."

SENATE 'MEDICS' OPERATE ON REVENUE BILL

Finance Committee Favors Plan Which Will Reduce Corporation Tax

WASHINGTON — A change in the tax on corporations in the war revenue bill which may result in reducing the taxes paid by corporations by $140,000,000 has been adopted by the senate finance committee. The committee amended the house section taxing corporations, making the tax a flat tax of 12 per cent on net incomes.

The house had provided that the tax on the net incomes of corporations should be 18 per cent, although only 12 per cent should be charged on that part of the net income which was used to pay dividends during the taxable year, to pay on bonds and other securities outstanding, plus bonds of the fourth and subsequent issues.

The house tax was aimed particularly at the undistributed earnings of corporations, upon which it was proposed to charge 18 per cent.

The senate committee held that in these war times corporations must be allowed to retain a considerable share of their earnings undistributed for use in their business, and so it struck out the house provision.

The secretary of the treasury, however, will have full authority to determine what amount of the earnings of corporations may be retained in undistributed form without their being "excessive." Those that are excessive will be subject to the surtaxes.

EARTHQUAKE FELT IN SOUTH AMERICA

St. Louis Records Tremors Estimated at 1,800 Miles Due South

ST. LOUIS—Earthquake tremors were recorded on the seismograph at the St. Louis university last night from 10:28 to 11:05 p. m. The distance was estimated at 1,800 miles almost due south, probably in South America.

BELGIAN FUGITIVES FIND DUTCH HAVEN

Holland Prepared to Care for Victims of War, Says Premier

AMSTERDAM—The Dutch government is prepared to care for fugitives entering Holland from Belgium, according to a statement made by Premier Ruijs de Beerenbrouk, in the chamber yesterday. He added that the government would feed, clothe and care for these victims of the war.

2,000,000 YANKS ARE OVERSEAS

Eighty-fifth Division Acting as Depot Unit on Communication Line

(By the Associated Press)

WASHINGTON—More than 2,000,000 American soldiers now have gone overseas, Gen. March told the members of the senate military committee at their war department conference.

While the conference was in progress Gen. March was notified that Germans had evacuated the entire Belgian coast up to the Holland boundary and that it is now in possession of the allies.

The German retirement from the Belgian coast district, Gen. March added, is increasing in breadth and speed. The movement to the rear, on the whole, he added, is extremely rapid, as illustrated by the fact that the territory evacuated in four days totals more than 800 square miles.

Gen. March said the American army northwest of Verdun was fighting its way forward against stiff resistance. The 29th division (New Jersey, Delaware, Virginia, Maryland and District of Columbia troops) was identified as one of those operating east of the Meuse. The 85th (Michigan and east Wisconsin) is now acting as a depot division on the line of communication, while the 84th (Kentucky, Indiana and southern Illinois) is reported as having just arrived in France. The 88th division (Indiana, Kentucky and West Virginia) has not yet arrived overseas.

To the south of France, the general said, renewed attacks by Anglo-American forces opposite Douai have carried the allied line up to the hastily constructed German defensive systems which follows in a general way the Sensee canal and marshes. No attempt to cross this barrier has yet been reported.

The Hindenburg defense system is now entirely behind the allied advance and Marshal Foch is continuing his pressure without giving the enemy the slightest opportunity for a rest.

He called attention to the fact that the German retirement, staring last week on a 60 mile sector between the Oise and the Argonne, had spread during the week until it affected all except 15 miles of the 250 mile front from the coast to the Meuse.

EDWARD ACKLEY IS MADE A LIEUTENANT

Edward G. Ackley, one of the clerks in the senate during the session of the legislature has been commissioned a first lieutenant in the Ordnance department. Ackley is from Chippewa Falls. Lloyd J. Blakeman, Richland Center, has been made a first lieutenant in the medical corps.

BULGARIAN CABINET IS RECONSTRUCTED

(By the Associated Press)

PARIS—The Bulgarian cabinet has been reconstructed by Premier Malinoff, according to dispatches from Sofia. Members of opposition parties have been admitted to the ministry, further strengthening its political position.

DAILY WEATHER STORY

The highest temperature reached during the 24 hours ending at 9 a. m. today was 55 at 3 p. m. Friday. Lowest, 42 at 6 a. m. Precipitation, 0. The sun sets at 6:09 p. m.

The barometer is low on the plains with centers of low pressure in western Canada, Louisiana, and northern Mexico. Showers have fallen on the plains and throughout the south. High barometer with fair and colder weather prevail in New England, fair and warmer on the Pacific slope.

WILSON DECLARES PEOPLE SHALL BE JUDGES OF DESTINIES AND RIGHTS

President in Answer to Plea for Truce and Negotiation for Peace Asserts that Mere Autonomy for Subject Nationalities is no longer Acceptable

BULLETIN

WASHINGTON—President Wilson has rejected the Austro-Hungarian government's offer to conclude an armistice and negotiate peace on principles enunciated by him and has given notice that mere autonomy for Austria's subject nationalities is no longer acceptable; that they must have liberty.

(By the Associated Press)

WASHINGTON—President Wilson has answered the peace note of Austro-Hungary with a declaration that the Austro-Hungarian government must satisfy the national aspirations of its own people and that they, the people, shall be the judges of their rights and destinies.

The reply was made by Secretary Lansing yesterday through the Swedish minister in Washington. It calls attention to the tenth condition of peace enunciated by President Wilson on January 8 which says the people of Austria-Hungary shall be accorded the freest opportunity of autonomous development.

The note calls attention to the recognition by the United States of the Czecho-Slovaks national council as a de facto belligerent government and states that this country has also recognized the justice of the nationalistic aspirations of the Jugo-Slavs for freedom.

The text of the note handed to the Swedish minister follows:

"Sir.

"I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the seventh instant in which you transmit a communication of the imperial and royal government of Austria-Hungary to the president. I am now instructed by the president to request you to be good enough through your government to convey to the imperial and royal government the following reply:

"The president deems it his duty to say to the Austro-Hungarian government that he cannot entertain the present suggestions of that government because of certain events of utmost importance which, occurring since the delivery of his address of the eighth of January last, have necessarily altered the attitude and responsibility of the government of the United States. Among the 14 terms of peace which the president formulated at that time occurred the following:

"'X. The peoples of Austria-Hungary whose place among the nations we wish to see safeguarded and assured, should be accorded the freest opportunity of autonomous development.'

"Since that sentence was written and uttered to the congress of the United States, the government of the United States, has recognized that a state of belligerency exists between the Czecho-Slovaks and the German and Austro-Hungarian empires and that the Czecho-Slovak national council is a de facto belligerent government clothed with proper authority to direct the military and political affairs of the Czecho-Slovaks. It has also recognized in the fuliest manner the justice of the nationalistic aspirations of the Jugo-Slavs for freedom.

"The president is, therefore, no longer at liberty to accept the mere 'autonomy' of these peoples as a basis of peace, but is obliged to insist that they, and not he, shall be the judges of what action on the part of the Austro-Hungarian government will satisfy their aspirations and their conception of their rights and destiny as members of the family of nations."

Accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

(Signed) Robert Lansing.

In announcing his reply, Secretary Lansing also made public the official text of the Austro-Hungarian note. It follows:

"Legation of Sweden, Washington, D. C., Oct. 7, 1918.

"(Translation).

"Excellency:

"By order of my government I have the honor confidentially to transmit herewith to you the following

(Continued from page 1).

ALLIES FALL BACK ALONG DVINA RIVER

Withdraw in Face of Attack of Greatly Superior Forces

(By the Associated Press)

ARCHANGEL, Northern European Russia, Thursday—Allied forces on the Dvina have been withdrawn a little over 6 miles in the face of an attack by greatly superior forces, which had been reinforced from Petrograd and apparently commanded by competent officers. The withdrawal was successful under a severe bombardment. [illegible]

Bolshevik Surrounded.

AMSTERDAM—The [illegible] army and other detachments have surrounded the Bolshevik forces in the northern [illegible] The retreat of the Bolsheviki [illegible] has been cut off.

DANE COUNTY FOOD PRICES

Issued by U. S. Food Administration; Use Wheat, Sugar, Fats Sparingly

[illegible] prices have all been quoted on strictly cash and carry basis. From now until further notice minimum prices will be used as a basis for cash and carry, and maximum as a basis for charge and delivery.

The margin of profit on all staple articles must be based on margin allowed in bulletin. The smaller margins quoted are on the cash and carry plan, the larger margins on the credit and delivery. The grocer's price will vary in accordance with the price he pays and the service he renders.

Prices being paid by retailers for the staples named and retail prices which they should not exceed are as follows:

Name of Article	Retailer pays	Consumer pays
Wheat flour, 24½ lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Whole wheat flour, 10 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rye flour, 10 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Barley flour, 10 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Graham flour, 10 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cornmeal, 10 lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bread, 1 lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bread, 1½ lbs.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sugar	[illegible]	[illegible]
Evaporated milk, 6 oz. per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
Evaporated milk, 16 oz. per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oleomargarine	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brick cheese	[illegible]	[illegible]
American cheese—		
Twins	[illegible]	[illegible]
Long Horns	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canned corn, per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canned tomatoes—		
No. 2 per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 3 per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canned peas—		
Standard, per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fancy, per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sardines, ¼, domestic, per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sardines, ¼, olive oil, per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sardines, ¾, mustard, per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rice, fancy head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rice, blue rose	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beans, navy, hand picked	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beans, Lima	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dried peas	[illegible]	[illegible]
Salmon, 1 lb. pink, per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
Salmon, 1 lb. red, per can	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dried Calif. prunes (size)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Peaches, evaporated	[illegible]	[illegible]
Raisins, seeded, 15 oz.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Raisins, seedless, 15 oz.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cornstarch in pkg.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lard substitutes	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lard in bulk	[illegible]	[illegible]

Special purchases should be sold on margins as shown above; special brands at special prices.

Violations of the rules will be punished.

By order of Herbert Hoover, sugar sales hereafter must be limited to town and city consumers to two pounds and sales to rural consumers to five pounds.

In compliance with orders from Washington, no more canning certificates are to be issued.

MARTIN SCORED FOR REFUSING APPOINTMENT

Whittet Calls Green Bay Man to Task for Partisan Attitude

The executive office made public today the reply of Sec. L. C. Whittet to P. H. Martin, Green Bay. Mr. Martin refused to accept the honorary appointment by Gov. Philipp to a tax conference and attacks the governor's administration.

"Gov. Philipp has refused to dignify your letter of the 14th instant with a reply," said Mr. Whittet. "I cannot, however, pass this incident by without expressing my protest against so gross a breach of the ordinary courtesy which among men of intelligence is taken for granted. It was entirely proper for you to decline the appointment as delegate to a tax conference which appointment assumed on your part an interest in a great public question. If you had no interest in it or could not attend, it was a most glaring exhibition of vulgarity for you to blatantly offer an insult to the man who paid you the compliment.

"It has been the immemorial custom of governors to name some men prominent in opposing parties when choosing delegates to important conventions or conferences, regardless of any record of partisan zeal. Yours is the first case on record so far as I have been able to ascertain where such a compliment by a governor was made the occasion for a cheap display of partisanship and vulgarity. Is your political virtue of so frail a sort that you feared you might be led astray if you should receive the appointment himself [illegible] in a courteous manner?

"Elihu Root, whom no one will accuse of being too friendly to President Wilson, did not deem it necessary to grossly insult the president when the latter tendered him an appointment to an important public duty as chairman of the Russian commission. Mr. Root might have declined this recognition, for no man had criticised the president more severely than he. However, he saw an opportunity to be of service and demonstrated that a big man can rise above small, petty party differences. Such a course as yours is not adopted by men of refinement and good breeding.

"This gross discourtesy was bad enough had you based your diatribe upon a fabric of fact. Your gross misrepresentation of the governor's attitude toward the world war has added stupid falsehood to your discourtesy.

"No man in Wisconsin has done more either as a private individual or as a public official to support our government in all of its war activities than has Gov. Philipp, and no man has been more maligned and misrepresented.

"The governor's public addresses have all rung with patriotism and his counsel and advice has had but one object, viz., the doing of that which was for the best interest of our beloved country. Your suggestion that so far as you know the governor has never uttered a word of protest against Prussian autocracy is but another indication of your sheer stupidity and of your failure to give credit where credit is due. I could quote you hundreds of examples were I to take time to review the governor's public utterances.

"I might go on and refute all of the unfair statements that have been made but it is not necessary.

"Now as to the governor's contribution as an individual: the governor's father was a soldier in the civil war. He returned with wounds from which he eventually died. In other words, he gave his life for his country. The governor's only son, Cyrus, a lad of 20, volunteered, and is now in the navy. The eldest daughter, Florence, recently graduated as a trained nurse and she too volunteered her services to her country and is now doing her part in one of the training camps in the middle west. The governor has offered that which is dearer to him than life itself.

"Of his worldly goods he has contributed over $100,000 to aid his government in fighting this war to a speedy and satisfactory conclusion. It would be interesting to compare the governor's record with that of his critics.

"The files of the executive office teem with letters and messages from Washington commending Governor Philipp for his cooperation and assistance in aiding all the various demands that have been made upon the state.

"This is a time when acts and deeds speak louder than words. A man who finds it necessary to continually proclaim his loyalty is not a pure enough patriot but is in the same class as the woman who finds it necessary to publicly proclaim her virtue. When the final record is written, Gov. Philipp will receive that honor and recognition which is so richly his due."

Lila Lee has arrived at the Lasky studios prepared to begin work for Paramount.

Milton Sills has the lead in Geraldine Farrar's second Goldwyn production.

Victor Moore is going back on the stage in "Patsy on the Wing."

Kissing Girls Cause Trouble For Tommies

(By the Associated Press)

WITH THE ALLIED ARMIES IN BELGIUM—Runners and dispatch riders obliged to pass through Courtrai and other towns have not been making as good time as usual.

This fact came to the knowledge of a British brigadier general who ordered the dispatch riders brought before him. One blushingly said that the charge against him and the others was quite true, adding: "But we could not help the delay, sir, for every time we go through a town we have each been soundly kissed. It would not do to tell the women and girls we were in a hurry. They just insist on stopping your motorcycle, all wanting to kiss you at one time." What the brigadier general said is not recorded, but the charges against the men were dropped.

It has been learned from a resident of Courtrai that German cavalry officers were giving a ball there celebrating the return of peace on the night the city was taken. At the middle of the dance, British infantry which had broken through the defenses to the west stormed into the town and the German cavalry dancers had to run for their lives.

Letters and diaries taken from captured soldiers make interesting reading. One man tells how his division "got it in the neck." Another writes "where was the devil to pay," and adds that only 50 men were left out of the entire regiment. Not a single captured order, document, letter or diary displays a single note of optimism.

In the neighborhood of Tourcoing and Roubaix more than 100,000 civilians have been liberated.

BOARD NO. 2 TO EXAMINE SEPT. 12 MEN

Summons Class 1 Registrants to Appear Next Friday

The following Sept. 12 registrants in class 1 have been summoned by Dane county board No. 2, eastern division, to appear at the supervisors' room, third floor of the court house, next Friday for physical examination:

[illegible list of names]

HUNGARIAN INDEPENDENCE IS DEMANDED

Complete Autonomy Necessary Says Address to King Charles

(By the Associated Press)

AMSTERDAM — "Hungary must return to its autonomy and complete independence," declared the draft of an address to King Charles which was read at the conclusion of the sitting of the lower house of the Hungarian parliament, says a Budapest dispatch.

"Hungary is in harmony with the international concepts based on the noble principles of President Wilson's policy," the address adds.

"Hungary must be completely independent," the address says. "The general [illegible] must be introduced and the relations of the various nationalities to each other must be arranged in the spirit of President Wilson's principles."

The draft of the address in its preliminary stages says that the final result of the war is apt to endanger the security of the throne. It concludes with the demand that in view of the danger of invasion the Hungarian troops must be brought back to Hungary and all "foreign troops" in Hungary must be withdrawn.

ALLIES RACE TO KNOCK OUT GERMAN PROP

Enemy Finds Conversion of Front is Ticklish Operation

(By the Associated Press)

PARIS — The Germans are still on the run. The victories of this week have obliged them to make a conversion of the front on which they are engaged and that is a ticklish operation under the tremendous pressure to which they are being subjected.

Gen. Ludendorff is swinging back his whole right, using as a pivot the [illegible] from the Oise to the Sambre, with the forests of De Mormal and De Nouvion as supports to his pivot. He has concentrated all his available forces there and notwithstanding the stout blows delivered by Generals Rawlinson and Debeney, the pivot still holds.

The situation may thus be summed up as a race between the allies seeking to knock out this prop and the Germans trying to get back to the line of the Escaut, Ghent and Valenciennes without too much damage. They will attempt to make a stand on this line in all probability, as it is the shortest line available but the odds seem to be against the enemy.

King Albert's armies are pressing Ludendorff hard. He may be driven further and faster than his plans provide for, and in addition to this he has the task of finding troops to cover another weak spot—the Sedan gap, the backbone of the [illegible] through Luxemburg, which is being vigorously assailed by General Gouraud and the American armies. Notwithstanding all his efforts the German commander has not been able to prevent this slow but sure Franco-American advance.

Service Flags for Hoboes to Be Raised

NEW YORK — [illegible] American hoboes [illegible] Manhattan [illegible] one ceremonial [illegible] of the hoboes [illegible] 31,000 hoboes are [illegible] army and navy.

CAUSE OF FIRES IN MINNESOTA INVESTIGATED

Suspicious Incidents Being Looked Into: Rain Falls

(By the Associated Press)

ST. PAUL — State and government officials are continuing separate investigations of suspicious incidents connected with the forest fires which swept Minnesota, it was learned from food authorities [illegible] today. [illegible] the investigation [illegible] to determine whether incendiaries actually started the series of terrible fires or whether they took advantage of natural conditions to spread the flames.

[illegible]

Rain is falling in the devastated region. Small fires have been extinguished.

Have you ENLISTED in the Army of Savers? Buy War Savings Stamps.

U. S. Steamer, 'Unsinkable' Sunk

(By the Associated Press)

NEW YORK—The American steamship Lucia, equipped with buoyancy boxes and supposed to be unsinkable, has been sunk, according to word received here today in shipping circles. She was torpedoed by a submarine in the Atlantic but details as to the date of the sinking and the fate of the crew are lacking.

CROWN COUNCIL IN DRAMATIC BERLIN MEETING

Particulars of Sending German Reply to Wilson Are Available

(By the Associated Press)

LONDON—Interesting particulars now are available concerning the recent happenings in Germany leading up to the sending of the German reply to President Wilson's demands. According to the Essen [illegible] the decision to reply affirmatively was taken at a dramatic meeting of the crown council in Berlin where Gen. Ludendorff made a gloomy report on the military situation.

In the presence of Emperor William and [illegible] the general, according to this newspaper, declared the situation was such that Germany might be broken within a few weeks. In view of the [illegible] promises of last spring [illegible] the subject of bitter reproaches.

[illegible]

It is said that Baron Burian's speech on President Wilson's last note [illegible] is the nature of an ultimatum to Germany [illegible] It is considered plain from this speech that for Austria-Hungary the war is over, that she cannot go on any longer, and that if Germany fails to satisfy President Wilson and the allies that the only alternative of the dual monarchy is a separate peace.

It is felt that this must have its influence on the German mind as well as the expectation in Berlin that Turkey will comply with the demands of the allies for surrender.

Mary Anderson has a "dream" of a little home on the ocean front at Santa Monica.

MOTHERS OF LILLE HYSTERICAL WITH JOY, BOMBARD WITH KISSES

(By the Associated Press)

LONDON — The Daily Mail correspondent at the British front describing a visit to Lille, said:

"It was a physical struggle to advance and a sentimental struggle to witness. All the mothers wanted their babies kissed and one was bombarded with embraces, hand shakes, cheers and thanks.

"Imagine the happy part of one hundred thousand people, mostly women, all crowded into one or two streets, all hysterical with joy and all intent on expressing their gratitude on being liberated.

"What had bitten into the souls of everybody was the deportations of 1916. Mothers did not know where their daughters had gone, nor what had been their fate. To the very last, German requisitions went on in the usual manner. Commander von Graevnitz requisitioned a thousand shirts and thousand pair of trousers on Tuesday.

"Except for a few quarters of the city, especially near the stations on the east side of the town, one would not know that Lille had been within range of hostile guns. Windows along whole streets were as clean and bright as in peace times. The telephone exchange was one of the exceptions. It had been blown to pieces by the Germans. The enemy had stripped the houses of all metal, all pianos had lost their metal parts and everything suggesting brass was taken away.

"What is said to be the 'supreme feat' of the war at Lille was the successful concealment of a cow for four whole years. This cow is now being decorated to meet the British troops.

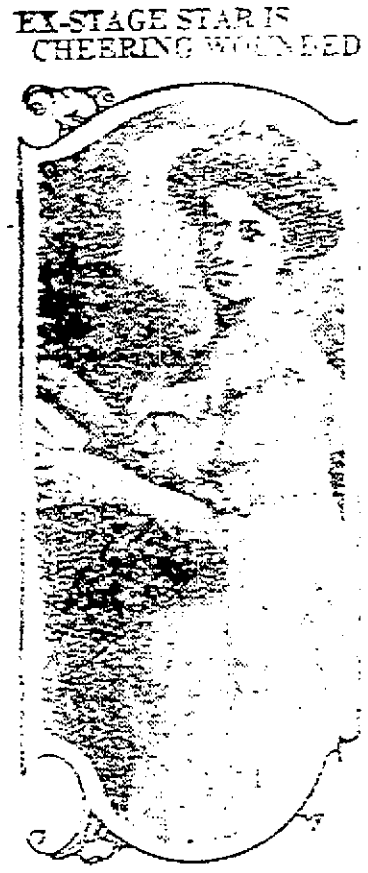
"Menin, as well as many other villages, between that place and Roulers, has been visited. The west side of Menin has been swept by fire. All the villages had been systematically looted. Many poor people with their goods heaped on carts have been overtaken by the allied forces. In one case German prisoners saw goods returned to houses, the roofs of which had been blown off. The walls of many houses were intact, but the windows, sashes and doors had been removed."

SUNDAY DINNER HOPES REVIVED

Gas Supply Again Normal; Threatened Shortage Averted

It was reported at the office of the Madison Gas and Electric company this afternoon that repairs to the damaged gas making machine had been completed and that the supply was back to normal again. The machine was put out of commission by an explosion Thursday night and Madison was threatened with one or two gasless days as a result. By working day and night, however, the company got things to going again before the supplies of gas on hand was exhausted.

EX-STAGE STAR IS CHEERING WOUNDED



Lady Headford.

Lady Headford, nee Miss Rose Boothe, former Gaiety star, is doing her utmost and more to entertain convalescent British and American soldiers in England. Lady Headford is an American girl.

OBITUARY

CLAUDE JOHN MANSON.

The funeral of Claude John Manson, who died at Spring Valley, Thursday, will be held from the home of his mother, Mrs. Sarah Manson, 159 West Main street, at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon. The body arrives here tonight.

MRS. KATHERINE FOX.

The funeral of Mrs. Katherine Fox, widow of James Fox, Fitchburg, will be held at 9 o'clock Monday morning from St. Mary's church, Oregon. Burial will be made in St. Mary's cemetery.

Mrs. Fox was [illegible] years old and lived at Fitchburg for the past [illegible] years. She came to Janesville from Ireland when a bride. She is survived by two sons, John and James, at home and five daughters, Mrs. Katherine Hervig, Oregon; Mrs. John Skelly and Mrs. Martin Cain, Fitchburg; Miss Marcella Fox, at home, and Sister Augustine, Dubuque, Ia.

MISS LOLA BELLE NICKERSON.

The funeral services for Miss Lola Belle Nickerson will be held from the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Nickerson, 2017 Monroe street, at 10:30 Sunday morning. The Rev. James Craik Morris will officiate. Interment will be in the mausoleum at Forest Hill. The pallbearers will be William G. Kirchoffer, Fred H. McGregor, Herman Grimm, J. B. Reed, E. B. Gordon and D. C. Hansen.

FRANK SCHRENK.

The funeral services of Frank Schrenk, who died of pneumonia Friday morning, will be held at 9 o'clock Monday morning from the home, 1249 Sherman avenue, and at 9:30 from the Holy Redeemer church, the Rev. A. V. Mueller officiating.

LUCY MAE SAKRISON.

The funeral of Lucy Mae Sakrison, 3-weeks-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Sakrison, Nakoma, was held Friday. Interment was made at Forest Hill. The child is survived by her parents and brother, Robert.

Charles Ray has signed a contract with a moving company to manufacture Charles Ray pictures, and his Ince contract will be seen in [illegible] throughout the world.

HELPS WORLD BY IRRIGATION WORK



Gen. Sir William Willcocks.

Gen. Sir William Willcocks is the noted hydraulic engineer, who [illegible] his creation of the immense Assuan dam across the Nile and by [illegible] irrigation works along the entire Egyptian valley has doubled the cultivated area of that country. He has been one of the principal [illegible] in the irrigation work in [illegible] and Mesopotamia. The work in Mesopotamia has restored the [illegible] of that country, which in ancient times was the granary of the world. He is one of several brothers from England. Gen. Sir James Willcocks is governor of Bermuda.

Belmont Cafeteria

SUNDAY DINNER

From 12:00 to 1:30

Tables For Service

[illegible] AND [illegible] All work guaranteed [illegible] P. WHEATLEY [illegible] Phone [illegible]

Leave Orders With Hagg Freight, Express and Parcel Delivery Line. Prompt Service Guaranteed. Madison, Wis. [illegible] S. Hamilton St. Phone [illegible]

VACATION LUGGAGE. Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases. I can save you money on your purchase. Brown, The Trunk Man. Phone [illegible] 206 E. Main St.

If You Walk I Can Teach You to Dance. Results absolutely guaranteed. From 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. SARI FIELDS. Badger 1806.

LIVE STOCK

To get the highest price and best fill ship your Cattle, Sheep and Hogs to the

EQUITY CO-OPERATIVE EXCHANGE

UNION STOCK YARDS

CHICAGO, ILL. [illegible] SO. ST. PAUL [illegible]

Write for free market quotations and shipping [illegible]



"—Yes, Meals Fine To—"

Finding *good board* and room is no longer a problem. You have only to turn to the Classified section of *this paper* to find the best boarding and rooming houses in the city. No one with poor board and room can afford to advertise, and no one with *good board* and room can afford not to. Nearly every good boarding and rooming house advertises in our Want Ad columns regularly.

So, if you are seeking a boarding or rooming house read our Want Ads. You will probably find exactly what you want. But if not, insert your own Want Ad in this paper.

Here Are Two Effective Want Ads:

BOARD AND ROOM—Two large, light, well furnished rooms with board. Every modern convenience. Excellent table, splendid neighborhood, two blocks from street car. For further details [illegible]

BOARD—[illegible]

An *army of readers* sees our Want Ads daily. It is an *excellent practice* to

Capital Times

Phone 2290 — 106 King St.

What Folks Are Doing

Mrs. Ernest Rasmussen and sons, Leland and Llewellyn, who will leave soon for their new home in Rockford, where Mr. Rasmussen is doing government work, were pleasantly surprised Thursday evening by a party of friends at the home of Mrs. Rasmussen's mother, Mrs. C. E. Rogers, 605 South Park street. Those who were present were the Mesdames Matthew Zwank, H. G. Mayhoff, William Gerke, Andrew Grove and son, Archie, Patrick Farmer and son, Joseph, Benjamin Smith and the Misses Ivah Walters, Elizabeth Hermann and Frankie Rogers.

* * *

Mrs. Sophia Hessman, West Doty street, will leave Sunday to visit her daughter, Frances, who is civic welfare worker at Sturgis, Mich. From there Mrs. Hessman will go to Washington to visit her daughters, Lena and Amanda, who are in civil service work.

* * *

Mrs. William J. Oakey, 407 North Butler street, returned Friday from a several days' stay in Milwaukee.

* * *

The marriage of Mrs. Louise M. Hausmann and Anthony J. Endres, both of Madison, took place a Red Wing, Minn., Sept. 5. Following the ceremony the bridal couple motored to Madison. They will make their home at 437 West Johnson street, where Mr. Endres has established a music business.

* * *

Miss Shirley E. White, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. S. White, Spaight street, and James T. Lewis, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Lewis, University avenue, were married at Houston, Texas, Oct. 14. The bride was accompanied south by Mrs. William Boyer, Rockford. She will return to Madison after a few weeks and make her home with her parents until after the war. She has been employed as cashier at the Goodrich Rubber Tire company. The groom, before entering the service, was cashier at the Bank of Wisconsin.

* * *

Mrs. Harriet Foote Allensdorph, Chicago, has returned to Madison after a 25 years' absence and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Sumner, North Hancock street.

* * *

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Garver, Sherman avenue, at the Stoeber hospital, Wednesday.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Irma Langdon, Baraboo, and Henry Gumpreet, instructor in the engineering department of the S. A. T. C., took place at Baraboo, today, at the home of the bride. The bride was a student at the University last year. The groom was graduated last June. His home is in Rice Lake. Mr. and Mrs. Gumpreet will come to Madison to make their home temporarily.

* * *

Miss Anna Starr, West Dayton street, will go to Chicago Sunday with Miss Vera Boyle, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Boyle, East Mifflin street.

* * *

Miss Charlotte Fitzgerald, student at the University, has gone to her home at Richland Center for a weekend visit.

Correspondent on the Nieuwe Van.

Mrs. M. A. Ambler, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., is a guest at the home of her brother, W. A. Tracy, East Wilson street.

* * *

Mrs. C. H. Mikkelson, Edgewater court, and niece, Miss Levada Judd, have returned from a several weeks' stay in Washington, D. C.

Bowling

MEN'S BUSINESS LEAGUE

Mayers—			
Rasmussen	136	159	190
Hermann	136	176	170
Fisk	158	172	163
Nadiness	138	164	189
Hillock	157	166	181
Totals	725	837	887
Capitol Alleys—			
L. Schillinger	212	149	160
C. Luckenmeyer	167	187	177
J. Norton	190	190	186
G. Post	213	212	177
J. Keel	145	190	154
Totals	927	928	864
Park Five—			
Eddy	192	180	167
Bean	171	173	148
Hackett	133	174	150
Hilgers	209	234	180
Ehman	182	147	137
Totals	937	908	773
Giskot—			
Beckman	149	182	152
Bowes	158	194	135
Bean	129	144	125
Gochrere	170	127	155
Wright	158	153	157
Totals	764	800	724
Kennedy Dairy—			
Eddie O'Conner	170	160	179
Wm. Meyer	164	159	190
Butch Hackel	147	165	216
Val Redeant	214	181	161
Joe Keather	193	169	170
Totals	887	834	916
State Journal—			
E. Swartz	151	178	169
A. Sharkey	138	203	183
C. Kirch	160	167	144

Frank B. MacLean
Teacher of
Cornet
WISCONSIN SCHOOL OF MUSIC
122 W. Wash Ave. Phone 357

ANTHRACITE COAL RATIONS WILL BE SCANT

Shortage Will be Noticeable in Stove and Nut Sizes, Says Controller

Wisconsin faces scant anthracite coal rations this winter, according to an announcement sent out by State Fuel Administrator Fitzgerald. The scarcity will be especially noticeable in the nut and stove sizes, the sizes which are in greatest demand. Only about 20 per cent of the needed amount in these sizes will be available. On the other hand, the larger sizes will be procurable in sufficient quantities to meet the need, and in order to meet the situation the users of the smaller sizes will have to take the bigger sizes and then reduce them.

"Dealers and public must realize that the demands which we are having made upon us for nut coal cannot be filled," the announcement says. "Egg coal can be substituted in many instances and it is better to substitute now than later.

"We would appreciate if, in asking for our assistance in securing anthracite coal, dealers will state that they will take egg coal or larger, in lieu of nut or stove. In the meantime we will do all in our power to bring home to the people of the state the fact that they must do the breaking themselves.

"Fifteen minutes a day spent with a hammer breaking a bucket of egg coal on a cement floor or large stone is a patriotic task people with baseburners can set themselves for the winter."

BRITISH RATIONS TO AID BELGIANS

Relief Commission to Get Army Supplies for Civilians

(By the Associated Press)

WASHINGTON — Arrangements have been made by the Belgian Relief commission with the British quartermaster general for 20,000,000 emergency rations to be furnished immediately to the rescued civilian populations in Belgium. Herbert Hoover, chairman of the commission, has announced that the rations would come from the stores of the British army in Belgium and would be paid for by the relief commission.

ACCEPTS POSITION IN WASHINGTON

Miss Mary Coleman, daughter of Mrs. Mary Coleman, State street, visited here Friday en route to Washington, D. C. where she has been appointed private secretary to the head of the national council of defense. Miss Coleman has been employed in the Chicago office of the Chicago, Burlington, and Quincy railroad.

Poggemiller	145	181	155
O. Winrich	149	121	155
Totals	743	850	806
Lawrence Lunch—			
T. Schwoegler	222	147	212
W. Kleinheinz	115	182	190
E. Reese	194	187	187
T. Carey	195	191	189
P. Reef	165	190	188
Totals	891	897	957
Peppers Five—			
Sherman	127	174	151
J. Hackett	155	175	130
M. Mergen	159	166	95
Gruendler	171	145	183
St. Peter	180	184	171
Totals	792	844	840
Madison Alley Five—			
Gaffney	165	165	151
Soehle	167	174	203
McCarll	213	196	227
Schmidt	154	171	173
Tester	168	188	215
Totals	859	894	972
Times—			
J Schillinger	160	174	191
Lavin	142	125	186
Knoche	197	161	137
Mergen	224	184	170
Totals	865	758	883

C. M. & ST. P. LEAGUE

All Rounds—			
Dale	98	126	110
Linzer	85	88	101
Wilke	93	90	124
Connelly	111	117	120
R. Slightam	162	123	147
Totals	549	544	602
Clerks—			
Dempsey	70	93	102
Aberle	119	94	143
Boatman	44	83	64
Olinger	104	95	140
Totals	506	520	604
Machinists—			
Dunwiddie	145	175	144
Woods	125	151	160
Ryan	137	142	160
Standan	74	149	127
Lawrence	123	124	124
Totals	721	761	704
Helpers —			
Cuni	160	160	160
Moore	163	148	148
Tucker	127	122	114
Schmidt	130	104	116
Spence	110	110	110
Totals	690	643	648

Stoughton

C. K. Herried, Correspondent

Capital Times office is now located over Arnie Midgard's printing office and all who want to subscribe for Capital Times should call on C. K. Herried at above address.

P. J. Kjolseth, Cambridge, was a visitor Friday at the home of his brother, E. J. Kjolseth, and family.

Two children of Julius Johnson, South Page street, are reported to be very ill.

Miss Agnetta Loftsgaard, Evanston, Ill., had her tonsils removed Friday at the Stoughton hospital.

Carl Homme has been appointed supervisor of game wardens, and left Friday for Beaver Dam where he will be located.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hegelmeyer and family are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hegelmeyer, Milwaukee.

Lester W. Eberle, station agent, is ill with influenza.

Haakon Peterson, West Jefferson street, and his family are ill and the report is that they have influenza.

Miss Ruth Mallory, East Main street, is confined to her home with illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Johnson, Brooklyn, will move to Stoughton to make their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lowry and son and Mrs. A. F. Scheldrup were Madison visitors Thursday.

Paul Dearborn, who has been ill with influenza, is able to be up, but his wife, baby and mother, Mrs. C. L. Dearborn, are also ill with influenza.

Pvt. Earl Showers, Camp Grant, is visiting at his home here for a few days.

Dr. C. M. Ruchti, dentist, who has received his commission in the medical reserve corps, has received orders from Washington to be ready to report for active service within 10 days.

Geoge Ford was reported worse Friday and there is danger of pneumonia.

Miss Mathilda Sorenson, Barnum, was operated upon at the Stoughton hospital Thursday for an ailment of the spine

Mildred Olson died Friday morning at the home of her grandfather, Soren Asperseim. She was 14 years of age and a daughter of Mrs. Minnie Olson who resides near Cottage Grove. Death was caused by pneumonia. Private funeral services will be conducted Monday afternoon. Burial takes place at West Koshkonong. The deceased is survived by her mother, one brother and one sister.

E. O. Brewer, who has been very ill with pneumonia, is reported to be gaining.

Mandt Homme, aged 13, son of Mr. and Mrs. Talley Homme, Friday noon was the victim of an accident near the Moline plant. He was riding his wheel when slipped on the pavement and threw him in front of a Ford car, and the driver was not able to stop the car in time, and the front wheels ran over the boy, who had some teeth knocked out and some cuts and bruises about his head.

The baby son of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bjornethun, who has been very ill with pneumonia, is reported to be out of danger.

Stoughton has gone over its bond quota again.

Johan Krist Fjeld is reported today to be confined to home with influenza.

Football

ILLINOIS

URBANA—The Illinois game with the soldiers from Fort Benjamin Harrison was called off in response to the order of the state commission. Zuppke's eleven will continue to practice, however, and scrimmage the freshmen behind closed gates. Zuppke is taking advantage of the breathing space to continue his search for a fullback. Jake Lunum, a freshman star of three years back, is the latest possibility. Mohr, the big guard, is also being tried out. The return of Ralph Fletcher, who has been ill, cheered the coaches. Crangle, another influenza victim, is well enough to appear in a suit, but cannot scrimmage. That Middleton is out of the game for the season was made certain when an X-ray showed that his left arm was broken just above the elbow. Intramural athletics will boom Monday when 100 are expected to report to try for varsity and intercompany basketball. Coach Ralph Jones will select his basketball five from these candidates, as his old team is gone.

MINNESOTA.

MINNEAPOLIS—Minnesota football stock skyrocketed when Doctor Williams announced that Norman Kingsley had been admitted to the S. A. T. C. and had become a member of the team. Kingsley was a mainstay in the backfield of last year and his returns means a lot to the Gophers. He registered in August, but until now has been barred from the S. A. T. C. He has been in practice from the start of the season and is in good condition, being slated to play Saturday against the St. Paul aviation mechanics. Waiving of eligibility rules which admitted Kingsley also let in Harry Minor, who starred several years ago at Carleton.

INDIANA

BLOOMINGTON — Indiana will have no game today after all, as local health authorities notified Coach Stiehm that they would refuse to permit it. The ordnance team of Indianapolis was to have been the contender. After special permission to play the contest had been obtained from the state board of health today the Spanish influenza situation was reported worse, causing the local authorities to clamp down the lid. Stiehm told his men last night there will be a regulation contest at 3 o'clock between the first and second elevens.

PURDUE

LAFAYETTE—More than 75 men were out Friday for practice on Stuart field and the day being cool the men were put through a strenuous workout. The scrimmage between the varsity and Company D lasted nearly an hour and Capt. Charles Bartlett made one touchdown from the 35-yard line. Several of the soldiers made long runs, but were caught by the ends on the Boilermaker eleven. Coach Butch Scanlon gave his squad a workout in line plunging and other offensive playing.

IOWA

IOWA CITY—If the state board of health quarantine does not prevent, Iowa and Cornell college will clash here today. Coach Jones substituted Belding for North at end this afternoon and the high school star made many punts good for 50 yards. Captain Reed and Greenwood appeared in uniform, but were unable to play. High class forward passing was the feature of the practice.

KAISER AGREES-SON SNICKERS, AIDE GRUNTS

Polish Delegates Struck by Emperor's Indifference to Proposal

(By the Associated Press)

PARIS — Prince Radiziwill and Count Roniker, the Polish delegates who went to the German emperor's headquarters last August to present to him Poland's claims, were much struck by the monarch's depression and indifference, says the Matin. Emperor William consented readily to their demands, the newspaper adds, which ought to have appeared very excessive to him.

"Not only did he agree to the creation of an integral and independent Poland," the Matin continues, "but he let pass without protest allusions to Posen and acquiesced when the delegates spoke to him regarding a sea outlet for Poland at the expense of East Prussia.

"As for the crown prince, he confined himself to snickering and slapping the delegates on the back, giving them the impression that he was most unintelligent. General Ludendorff was the only person who appeared to realize the situation but he did not dare to contradict the emperor. He relieved himself by grunting furiously."

WAR BOARD SITS IN WASHINGTON

Conference on Machinists' Hearing Not to be Held Here

As a result of the receipt of a telegram from a member of the war labor board Friday by Paul C. Huybrecht, organizer for the Machinists' union, the impression has gone forth that members of the board are to appear here Tuesday for a conference with labor leaders. This is wrong. The war labor board sits at Washington and on Tuesday will take up the report on the hearings conducted here last summer, thoroughly digest the matter and hand down its decision when its conclusions have been drawn. This may be within a week, or it may take a month.

MADISON COUPLE AID DAKOTA FARMERS

Among the busy harvest hands in North Dakota wheat fields this summer were Mr. and Mrs. August Random of Madison, who devoted a part of their vacation to assisting the farmers in getting in their grain.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY MEETS NEXT WEEK

The State Historical society will hold its sixty-sixth annual meeting Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, following which the board of curators will meet. There will be no formal addresses or social features. Reports of officers will be read and several curators will be elected.

FINED FOR SELLING LIQUOR TO MINORS

Charged with selling liquor to Carl and Walter Smith, Walter Paine and M. Sherwood, all minors, Ernest Muetz of Pheasant Branch was fined $25 and costs in superior court yesterday by Judge A. C. Hoppmann.

BADGER TEACHER ON MONTANA BOARD

Miss Elga Shearer, Kenosha, former teacher in the Madison high school, has been appointed a member of the Montana text book commission. Miss Shearer is assistant superintendent of schools in Butte.

Don't Wait. DO IT NOW. Buy War-Savings Stamps!



A man's best friend is his dog. Would you take a long chance on your own life to save your hunting dog and companion? Sentiment and affection in conjunction with a guy's lack of caution and discretion caused me to take the hazardous chance on thin ice to save my dog. He was my unselfish friend and never wavered in his love and devotion. He would sleep with one eye half open that I might not get out of his sight. We hunted together in upland pastures, when the pungent scene of autumn leaves, the golden glow of autumn sunsets and the soft, cool, soothing zephyrs started quail and prairie chicken "roading" in quest of food. We were in pursuit of those winged aces of the air, when I was called upon to risk my life to save that of my dog. He had been retrieving ducks for me under most adverse conditions, swimming in cold water and breaking thin ice, which required every ounce of dynamic energy in his system, yet he would go, returning with a duck, and was satisfied with a word of approval and recognition. This story is written especially for the present generation of boys, who are freighted with red blood and answer the call of the wild, boys who watch, read and study the stars as an aid to night travel, who frequent the haunts of birds, animals and insects, that their habits and peculiarities may be noted. Deductions will then be made, which will inculcate a higher reverence and respect for the Great Creator.

Many of us have passed the happy days of boyhood, when we felt that school should be made a secondary consideration, when pleasure should supplant study. Memory is a wonderful gift, living in the past a source of unlimited pleasure. We guess our future, the past is an open book. My boyhood days were passed in Keithsburg, Ill., on the east bank of the old Mississippi river, one of the best game sections in America, the mecca, where all conventions of duckdom were held.

At that time the bag limit was governed by the amount of ammunition and the accuracy of the hunter. A few warm days in early spring had honeycombed the ice, bayous had partially opened, and ducks had appeared in unlimited numbers. "Dad" Green, George Billings and Arthur Kile were my school and hunting companions. We had one muzzle loading gun, which the writer usually operated, based on experience. It was breaking day as we launched our boat and started across the river. Several flocks of ducks were noted dropping into a bayou, in the foot of Black Hawk island. We headed for that point, ducks were pitching in without circling, a sure sign that they were accustomed to "using" the pond. On a ruffled oar we landed on an old log about 35 yards from the slough, which I reached with out discovery. Locating the most densely populated district I gave a sharp whistle, the head of every dusk was erect, the pond looked like an asparagus bed. Bang! Bang! The soft coal smoked rolled up in a cloud. Green, Billings and Kile came rushing across, while I reloaded for cripples. A roll of 13 mallards was collected, the result of two shots.

Wait a minute, you hunters who are readers, you have all passed through the "get the meat" stage in hunting. I am now also one of the charter members of the Anti-Pot Shooters' club,—we were boys at that time.

The nights were cold and making some ice, ducks feeding and puddling had kept this pond open. We soaked our dead ducks out for decoys, hiding in a blind. An old green head came volplaning into the decoys, I failed to lead him enough, the bird made a long fall into an adjacent slough, crashing through the ice when he struck. My old dog started to retrieve, yells to return were of no avail. I knew the ice would not hold his weight and the water was deep. The ice gave way just as he reached the duck. With every effort to crawl out on the ice he would slip back and disappear under the water. My dog was drowning and must have immediate help. We attempted to pull our skiff across the ridge, without success. Minutes seemed hours. We heard the cracking of oars in those open locks. Some one was coming, we yelled for help. It was my friend, Frank Ellett,

With his aid we dragged our boat to the pond and out on the ice, which broke through with us at almost every step. We would then jump back into our boat and push up on the ice, finally reaching my dog, who was watching our every move while making his fight for life. I grabbed and pulled him into the boat; he was absolutely all in. Wrapping the dog in our coats we then headed for home. Would you take a long chance on your life to save your hunting dog and companion?

The fighting channel catfish of the Mississippi river. Holden in his book on Big Game Fish of the United States ignores the channel cat as a game fish. The male is a real caretaker and defender of the young, guarding their nests and eggs, which are usually covered with a layer of stones. Unlike the bass and pickerel, the catfish are non-cannibalistic, protecting instead of lunching upon their offspring. The Silurida family of catfish are really a table delicacy. They were named after the night prowling felines on account of their long barbels or feelers about their mouths, resembling the whiskers of a cat. Heads are large with a wide mouth, eyes are very small, they are covered with a smooth scaleless slippery skin. The Mississippi river produces specimens 4 to 6 feet in length, weighing 50 to 125 pounds. Usually caught in bait nets, by fishermen, they command top price on the fish market as food. The small channel or silver catfish known to fishermen as "fiddlers" or musicians" must not be confused with "horned pouts" or bull heads."

Immediately above the little city of Keithsburg, Ill., a railroad bridge had been constructed across the Mississippi river. Wing dams have been run out from both main shores, forcing the water through a limited channel under the draw span, creating a rapid current below the bridge, a deep channel which was a mecca for catfish of all sizes. Handlining was a favorite fishing pastime at this point. With my friend, O. H. Lyold, we had fine success landing "fiddlers," our combination bait of liver and chicken intestines was seductive. Our heavy line was finally assailed, a quick jerk, a steady pull and we set the hook. The fight was on. This silvered beauty showed his towing strength, our anchor up, he rushed us down stream, a sudden turn, we held the taut line. He sulked and sounded. A stiff pull on the line again started acrobatic performances. The game fighting qualities demonstrated by this fish leads me to insist upon their being classed game. Worn to a frazzle, we brought him to the side of our boat and cuddled a gaff hook into his floating ribs. Our efforts netted us 52 pounds of excellent fighting fish meat.

Questions and Answers

Question—What is the use use of two sights on a shot gun? You say a man shoots with both eyes open and sees only the flying objects. James Knott.
Waterloo, Ia.

Answer—The object of the second sight is correct aligument, to keep one from firing in a twist, before the proper adjustment, absolutely worthless in game shooting. If both sights were removed without your knowledge, your success in wing shooting with a gun that fit would be the same. It is the flying object you watch, not the gun sights.

Question—At what age does a man cease to be accurate in trapshooting? Does accuracy depend entirely upon one's eyesight?
Charles Bonaux.
Milwaukee.

Answer—Dr. O. F. Britton has bid his 80th birthday good-bye, with Andy Meaders of Nashville, Tenn., a close runner-up. Both men are turning in as good scores as they did 35 years ago. You will have to ask some man older than those boys, as regards the age limit. When a man arrives at the age he cannot see a target leave the trap he will then cease to be accurate.

Question—What has become of Dick Clancey, the professional trapshot? C. B. D.
Pittsburg, Pa.

Answer—Dick is "over there" in charge of the "Gas Bomb Distribution Brigade." He is teaching our "Sammies" the high art of feeding the Germans their own medicine, thrown from the different heights, angles, and positions. The fundamental principles of this art he learned in his trapshooting career.

Question:
What in your judgment is the best 12 gauge load for duck shooting?
Moline, Ill. Jake Gustaveson.

Answer:
For all round shooting both decoy and pass, use 3¼ drams of bulk or 26 grains of dense powder, 1⅛ ounces of No. 6 chilled shot.

Question:
Is trapshooting being taught in soldiers' camps? What good is it, Huns don't have wings.
Pittsburg, Pa. Mike Carroll.

Answer:
Right you are, Mike, the writer agrees with you—they do not have wings; if decorated in the future, they would have trouble keeping them from being singed. Wing shooting is being taught because it is especially useful in aviation work. Shotguns when used in trench work and properly directed are most efficient. Don't criticise, Mike, you will find that Uncle Sam is making very few mistakes, which are easily corrected and never occur a second time.

Question:
Do you think there will be prosecutions under the late Federal Duck Law? Would it be safe to shoot next spring?
Philadelphia, Pa. James Cruzen.

Answer:
Those in authority say there will be aggressive prosecutions under the Federal Migratory Game Law hereafter. The law is logical and should be respected. Don't transgress. The sport to be derived will not justify the chances you are taking when conflicting with government edicts.

Court House Notes

Proceedings in county court before Judge Zimmerman:

Guardianship of Fred Paskey—Ordered that guardian be authorized to contract for sale of realty subject to court's approval.

Estate of James Doyle—Final settlement ordered and effected on report and waiver of notice.

Estate of August Schmale—Judgment on claims entered and claims adjudicated.

Have you ENLISTED in the Army of Savers? Buy War-Savings Stamps.

Once More

The Capital Times

printed in its noon edition today the

Complete Text

of

President Wilson's note, rejecting Austria's peace offer

showing once more that

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Big News

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THE CAPITAL TIMES

An Independent Newspaper

WILLIAM T. EVJUE, Editor

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"Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us, to the end, dare to do our duty as we understand it"

TAXATION OF MAIL ORDER HOUSES

A STRENUOUS attempt to eliminate the house provision in the revenue bill providing for the taxation of mail order houses is being made in the senate at Washington.

Chairman Kitchin of the house ways and means committee who reported out the revenue bill estimated that the tax on mail order houses will aggregate $5,000,000.

This attempt to compel these business concerns to contribute to the war financing is being bitterly fought with all the tremendous power back of these organizations.

* * *

This provision of the revenue bill recalls the fact that Congressman Edward E. Browne of Wisconsin introduced a bill in the sixty-fourth congress for the taxation of mail order houses.

In adjoining columns we are printing a speech that was delivered by Congressman Browne on the subject. It is informative and full of information on the subject.

* * *

If an itinerant peddler comes into Wisconsin from another state we tax him.

The big Chicago mail order houses, however, come in through hundreds of carloads each day and they are not taxed.

Why the discrimination?

* * *

We recently happened to be walking along the Union Station in Chicago at the point where the mail was being unloaded. Scores of heavy trucks loaded to capacity from the great Sears-Roebuck firm were being unloaded. Tons of matter were being shipped by mail.

On every bit of that mail Uncle Sam was probably losing money. Why should the people of this country be asked to subsidize mail order houses at a time like this?

* * *

These ever increasing mail order houses are becoming a problem to merchants in the small cities. Their competition is keen enough without loading extra tax burdens on the merchants in small towns and allowing the big mail order houses to pay a miserly contribution to the maintenance of government.

Congressman Browne will render a service to the small businessman over the country if he can help to bring just taxation to these big concerns.

TOY BALLOONS

THE Association of Commerce, we note, is busy studying the question of transportation in the air.

While this astronomical sojourn of our community steerers is commendable and, quite prolific of fantastic front page space, yet may we be so rude as to mar this aeronautic expedition somewhat by suggesting that there are transportation problems here on earth which ought to warrant the attention of the association?

We can picture Mr. Montgomery at the weekly meeting of the Association of Commerce becoming very enthusiastic about transportation problems up in the air. It will help to make people forget transportation problems on King street and Monroe street and Atwood avenue.

If we were to judge public sentiment in this community we would venture the opinion that the Association of Commerce would be making a bigger contribution to the welfare of this community by taking some notice of the six cent fare grab rather than laying ties and mapping out a right of way for an elevated road a couple of thousand feet in the air.

Quit playing with your pretty toy balloons, gentlemen, and get down to earth. There are plenty of things under the shadow of the capitol dome that need your attention.

FARM HELP SCARCE

MILWAUKEE—The farm division of the government employment bureau, Fourth and Cedar streets, reports its chief task now is to fill all calls received from the dairy farmers of southern Wisconsin.

Reliable men applying for farm work are daily becoming more scarce. Although there are as many applicants as during the early summer the men apparently are not satisfied with the positions offered by the bureau.

Earlier in the season the farm division dispatched about 75 men weekly to farms throughout the state. The seven day report of the week ending Oct. 12 points out that only ten men were placed on farms by the local branch. The report of the previous week shows that nineteen men were placed.

FIRE RANKS DEPLETED

RACINE—Lieut. Leo Peeik, 37, of No. 4 fire company died Wednesday of pneumonia. His death from the influenza is the first in the local department. Fourteen other members of the department are down with the disease and one engine house is closed entirely, there being but one member out of five available for service. Capt. John McCarthy is seriously ill and Capt. Clarence Gillen went off duty Thursday. An appeal to citizens to aid the firemen at fires has been issued by the fire chief.

Congressman Browne's Speech on Taxation of Mail Order Houses

[From The Congressional Record Aug. 2, 1916.]

Mr. BROMNE. Mr. Speaker, I introduced bill H. R. 712 December 6, 1915. This bill proposes to tax mail-order houses doing an interstate business. It provides that any person or corporation conducting an interstate mail-order business for the purpose of selling goods, wares, and merchandise direct to the consumer shall pay a tax of 1 per cent upon the total cash value of its sales within any state.

This bill further provides that the amount of the tax shall be ascertained by the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall compel the mail-order houses to report the gross amount of goods sold by them in each state.

The bill provides that the tax collected by the government shall be apportioned to the respective states in the ratio of the actual amount of goods sold in each state.

Mr. Speaker, although many petitions have been filed in favor of this bill it has not been reported by the committee.

A provision in the present pending revenue bill taxing mail-order houses would not only be a just but a popular measure.

Heavy Taxes on All Other Business

Almost every business has been taxed heavily to raise funds to meet the tremendous expenditures of the government.

The local, state, and national governments are levying taxes upon the people in many different ways. The national government is, in my opinion, infringing upon the prerogatives of the state in collecting taxes from the people of the various states, which is practically resulting in double taxation.

Why exempt the mail-order houses from taxation? Why not make them stand their share of this great tax burden?

Wisconsin, the state which I have the honor in part to represent, will pay to the United States Government under the proposed revenue bill over $20,000,000, considerably more than it takes to run the whole state government and support all its institutions.

Magnitude of Mail-order Business

The large mail-order houses are doing millions of dollars a-year business through the state of Wisconsin, and a proportionate amount of business in all the other states of the union, and yet they contribute nothing toward the support of any state or local government outside of the places where they are located, and then they contribute only a trifle compared with the amount of business they do.

There are at the present time over 1,000 mail-order houses in the United States doing, it is estimated, about $1,000,000,000 worth of business annually.

This Bill Is a Tax Measure

The advocates of this legislation are not attempting to put the mail-order houses out of business. They are simply attempting to make the mail-order houses pay their just share of the taxes.

The tax of 1 per cent on the gross sales is certainly a conservative tax. Every merchant pays a tax amounting to a great deal more than 1 per cent on his gross sales.

Pay Taxes Only on Samples

The mail-order house keeps in stock only a sample of the great list of articles that it sells, and has its contracts with the manufacturer of these articles to send the same direct to the customer when the mail-order house obtains a customer and sends the order.

In this way the mail-order house runs on risk of goods getting shopworn, and all the tax that it pays is the tax on these samples that it has in stock, which is a very small tax in proportion to the business it does.

It employs the minimum amount of help and is located generally so that it pays the minimum amount of rent, as location in a city is a matter of little value to a concern that does all its selling through the mails.

Use of Mails

The mail-order houses use the mails to send out their large catalogues, the Post Office Department carrying tons of this kind of mail at a great loss. It many times at a great loss. sends its catalogues and wares by freight to the more remote points, and then sends them out from the nearest zone to its prospective customers, thus using the parcel post for its convenience at a loss to the government through its Post Office Department.

The mail-order house is making more money today than most any business institution and without any responsibility or obligation to the thousands of communities where it conducts its business in competition with the local merchant. In fact, it is the beneficiary of more favors from the United States Government than any private institution, and yet it pays only a trifle toward the support of the Government.

Federal Government Alone Can Tax

The state and local communities have no power to deal with an institution doing an interstate business. The Federal Government alone has the power and can and should meet the problem.

Peddlers Pay a License

Every state and municipality in the United States has laws compelling transient merchants and peddlers to take out state and local licenses before they can do business in a locality. The justice of these laws is recognized by everybody. They are based upon the just principle that the local merchant and business man pays a heavy tax to support the state, county, and city or village government where he conducts his business and lives.

The tax the home merchant pays is used in supporting the schools, affording police and fire protection, providing roads, bridges, and sidewalks, and lighting the city.

Therefore it is apparent that it would be unjust to allow a transient merchant or peddler, who pays nothing toward the support of these things, who feels no obligation or interest in the community, to compete with the local merchant without paying the taxes that the local merchant is compelled to pay.

The transient merchant or peddler, therefore, is compelled to pay a state and local license.

The mail-order house is allowed to do business in every locality in the United States without paying any license, fee, or tax to the community. The competition of this institution is manifestly more unfair than the competition of the peddler, and yet we discriminate against the peddler, the individual man, and in favor of the mail-order house, the large corporation.

The mail-order house does not leave one cent in the community where it does thousands of dollars' worth of business. The peddler stays over night, spends a few dollars for meals and lodging in every community.

The mail-order house sends out hundreds of thousands of catalogues through the mails. Each catalogue is a more effective salesman than the peddler that goes about with his limited stock. Each catalogue, which advertises everything from a penknife to an automobile, goes out over the rural routes into the homes of the people where it stays over night and remains until a later and revised edition takes its place.

What the Merchant and Business Man Does for the Community

Besides paying his share toward the taxes which go to support the community, the merchant and business man helps the municipality where he lives and the community tributary thereto in many ways.

When the school, the church, the lodge, the public library, the community organizations want to put on an entertainment the merchant and business man is the first man approached for the buying of the tickets, furnishing prizes and premiums, advertising in the programs, and so forth.

The Mail-Order House is the Small Town Wrecker

What do the mail-order houses do for the community? Nothing. They pay no taxes to the community. They support no schools, churches, libraries, lecture courses, and do not even send an agent to the community to spend a few dollars at the hotel for board and lodging. They do a cash business, and if there is any trouble about their goods the purchaser has to go out of the state to the state where this corporation has its home and bring an action. This, of course, is never done, and the purchaser sustains his loss.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars are annually taken out of the small localities which, if expended in their natural channels, would help the small merchant and tradesman and business man and make the village and small city more prosperous.

Small City and Village Necessary For The Community

The small village and city are necessary to every prosperous community. They are the social center for the community. Within these municipalities are located the high school, the bank, the church, the dry goods store, blacksmith shop, creamery, and the business and professional men.

City and County Tributary Thereto Dependent Upon Each Other

The city and village and the rural community surrounding it are mutually beneficial and dependent upon each other, and you can not injure one without injuring the other.

The boundary limits of the city and village and the township is simply an imaginary line. They have their distinct local governments, yet the resident of the city or village takes as much pride in the farming country tributary as he does in his own little municipality, and the farmer takes as much pride in the prosperity of the village or the city where he trades and markets his products as if he lived over this imaginary line within the village or city limits.

Any legislation which is unfair and harmful to the merchant or business man or to the farmer is equally injurious, if not directly, indirectly, to all.

You can not injure or obliterate the little city or village without injuring the whole community that is tributary thereto.

Fraudulent Advertising Matter

I believe that this legislation should be followed by a law penalizing untruthful, misleading, and fraudulent advertising matter that is sent through the United States mails.

I am not asking any favors for the village or city merchant or business man. I am simply asking that he meet his competitors on an equal footing; and that the large mail-order houses be no longer the petted children of legislation and exempted from paying taxes, but that the Federal Government, which alone has the power of taxing them, make them stand their just share of the burdens of supporting this government.

I consider the store and place of business in the city and village, a public necessity, and I therefore want it to be given a fair chance.

No amount is Too Small to Lend Your Country. Buy War-Savings Stamps.

News of the Past

FIFTY YEARS AGO TODAY.

Monastic orders in control of republican government of Spain. . . . Russian czar asked to arbitrate Alabama claims. . . . Henry Rochefort, editor of "Lanterne," in Paris, wounded in duel with Senor Marfone of Spain. . . . Belmont village started on new railroad out from Platteville. . . . Henry Shaw, famous botanist, gives 200 acres to St. Louis for park in connection with Shaw's Botanical garden. . . . Many Madison houses for rent; claimed that too many have been put up.

* * *

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO.

Fifty persons killed in wreck on Grand Trunk railroad near Battle Creek, Mich. . . . Many prominent politicians attend banquet at Baltimore to Cardinal Gibbons. . . . Hold-up men much in evidence at La Crosse. . . . James McClusky, Madison, gets 4 months in jail for selling liquor to minors. . . . Corner stone laid of new Edgewood academy building. . . . Thief caught here named Jack Frost, of Boston. . . . Reinhold Schott and Peter Schumacher in wrestling match at Nolden's hall. . . . Dr. and Mrs. George Keenan "receive" at their home; newly arrived from honeymoon trip. . . . Hon. Philo Dunning out after long illness.

* * *

TEN YEARS AGO.

Great meeting at U. W. in honor of the late Col. Vilas; speeches made by Pres. Van Hise, Justice Winslow, Burr W. Jones and others. . . . Fifty tobacco raisers from all parts of the state meet here for conference on prices. . . . Judge E. Ray Stevens gives paper on life and character of Judge J. B. Cassoday to State Historical society. . . . La Crosse plans big reception for La Follette. . . . Bryan charges that railroads are giving money support to republican candidates. . . . State insurance commissioner, Beedle, sues National Surety company of New York on bond given for cashier of defunct Belleville bank.

ON THE SQUARE--AND OFF

By the Observer

When William Ryde, manager of the Capitol cafeteria, went hunting the other day with Oswald Neesvig, he wore a blue suit, but when he returned he wore a green one. According to an eye witness, the transformation occurred when Ryde fell out of the boat while trying to make a landing. The surface of Lake Monona was covered with a green scum and this dyed Ryde's suit a beautiful emerald isle color.

TELEGRAPH TICKS

WASHINGTON — General Pershing has sent an urgent appeal for air service observers. "This is a quick chance to kill a hun or get killed" Major General Kenly said. We will guarantee to get men who qualify to France without delay."

NEW YORK — Destruction by the Germans of more than 300 churches in his own diocese, was described here by Right Reverend Eugene Louis Julien, bishop of Arras, France.

ST. LOUIS— The chief of police and two captains were suspended by the police commissioners on charges preferred by the federal government.

AN ATLANTIC PORT — The homeward bound army transport Amphion which arrived here had a two hours' running fight with a German submarine, 800 miles off the Atlantic coast last Saturday. Eight Americans were wounded.

NEW YORK — Felix Gould, an army contractor was found guilty of conspiracy to defraud the government of income taxes on profits made in manufacturing army raincoats.

WASHINGTON — Alien Property Custodian Palmer made further disclosures of the efforts of Count von Bernstorff and other German agents to prevent the manufacture and shipment of munitions to the allies.

WASHINGTON — Reports to the public health service from 35 states show influenza is on the increase in most parts of the country.

IN ABSENCE.

"God lead thee, dear!" the sunrise light
Steals softly through the gray.
The dreams, and darkness of the night
Are lost in perfect day.
I smile and whisper tenderly,
"God lead thee, dear, alway!"

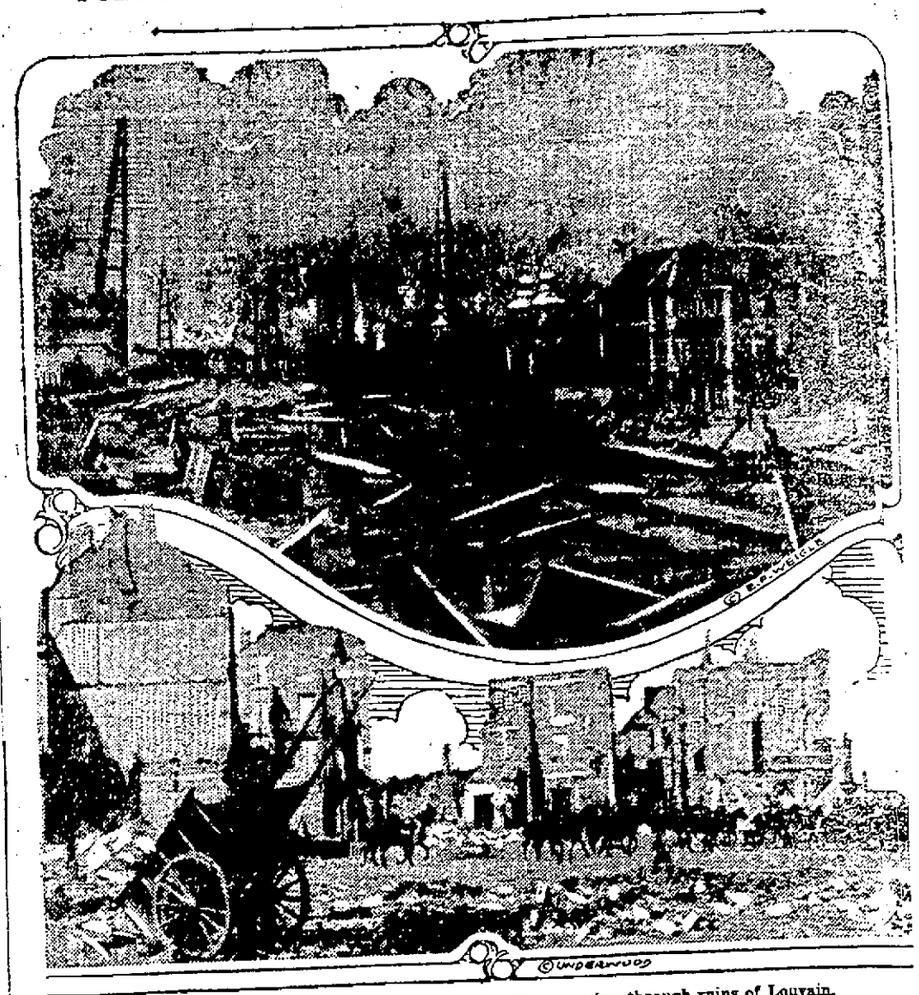
"God help thee, dear!" The noontide hour
Is golden, glad and gay;
The world smiles upward like a flower
To meet the sun's warm ray.
I pause and whisper earnestly,
"God help thee, dear, alway!"

"God keep thee, dear!" The sunset flush
Kisses the dreaming day,
And in the wondrous holy hush
The whole world seems to pray.
I kneel and whisper lovingly,
"God keep thee, dear, alway!"

—Alice E. Allen in the Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Don't Wait. DO IT NOW. Buy War-Savings Stamps!

FOE POURING BACK THROUGH RUINS OF BELGIAN CITIES



Alost in flames (above) and German soldiers passing through ruins of Louvain.

Back through the cities which they so ruthlessly destroyed early in the war the German armies are reeling, hard pressed by the victorious Belgian and British soldiers. The accompanying pictures were taken during the first weeks of the war. An American correspondent got the picture of Alost, to which the Huns had just put the torch. The lower picture shows all that has remained these four years past of historic Louvain.

TODAY'S SITUATION

(By the Associated Press)

British and American troops, fighting their way into the Hunding line southeast of Le Cateau are advancing quite rapidly in spite of the desperate resistance of the enemy. It is reported that 1,200 prisoners and 120 guns were captured by the allies yesterday. Since the fighting began there on Thursday morning the Germans have been forced back more than four miles.

British warships have come to the assistance of the allied land forces in Belgium and are shelling the Germans who are trying to escape through the narrow neck of land between Bruges and the Dutch frontier.

Relentless pursuit of the retreating Germans in Belgium and down along the battlefront as far as the area just to the west of Valenciennes continues. Virtually all of the coast has been cleared of the enemy and allied patrols are east of Bruges. There is a probability that the Germans by flooding the country east of Bruges will be able to delay the advancing Belgians for a time but it would seem that their line is so bent by the furious onslaught of the allies in Flanders that it must be readjusted for a long distance down into France.

German engineers have been working on the line of defense running through Ghent and along the Scheldt river and it is probable that the British, French and Belgians will be forced to fight hard before they can make much of an impression on this position. Although the Germans have lost a large number of men and guns they appear to have extricated the bulk of their forces from the threatening position in which they were left by the collapse of the line north of the Lys river.

French and Americans along the Oise river have forged ahead slightly during the last day, but they find the task of advancing a difficult one. Here the Germans are holding their line stubbornly while the forces and material in the Laon salient can be moved back in safety. The advance here however, seems to be gaining in momentum in the direction of Hirson, one of the principal railroad junctions behind the German lines. Along the Aisne General Berthelot seems to be held up by the enemy. No progress on this portion of the line has been reported recently.

Further east, however, General Gouraud's men have advanced west of the Argonne forest and have taken quite a long step to the north of Vouziers. This advance will tend to render unstable the German positions in the forest and may assist the Americans fighting east of the Argonne.

The American front has been the scene of constant patrol fighting with General Pershing's men moving ahead slightly in Loges and Bantheville wood. There has been no concerted attack in this region since the assault on Thursday. The Americans have moved up to Grandpre and have taken valuable ground to the east of that village.

Emperor Charles of Austria has made announcement of the plan of federalizing the Austrian states and has made an appeal to the Austrian army and navy action in a time of peril. His troubles however, appear to gather as time goes on. Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister is said to have resigned.

The German war cabinet, it is reported from Copenhagen, held a meeting on Friday night to decide on the phraseology of the German reply to President Wilson's note. The fact that the war cabinet had a hand in framing this document may be significant, in view of the German claim that peace negotiations were initiated by the German reichstag.

THE VANISHED SCHOOLMASTER.

I hear him laughing down the hall
somewhere
To think that any one should call
him dead
Or talk as though the best of him
had fled
To some blue haven of the upper
air.

Make no mistake. Glad, calm and
strong to bear
Burdens, he walks these halls,
high-spirited,
With you and me in his great
heart and head.
We may not see his face, but he is
there.

And he will still be there when you
and I
Climb feebly the long hill and turn
to view
Our gaudier grandeur and our
noisier fame,
And see a desert; while afar his city
Shapes into manhood boys he
never knew
And kindles hearts that never
heard his name.

—Hermann Hagedorn in the Outlook.

War-Savings Stamps Are Worth Self-Sacrifice.

BRITISH BUILD BARGES IN MESOPOTAMIA TO MOVE SUPPLIES



Constructing whaleback barge on Tigris river.

Whaleback barges are being built on the banks of the Tigris river in Mesopotamia by the British for use in transporting supplies to their troops operating in that region. The picture shows how the allies have risen to the industrial as well as the fighting part of the war.

THE CAPITAL TIMES
Classified Advertising Rates

... cents per word.
... less than the cost of ...
... initial or group of figures as ...
... words for a blind address. ... cents extra. ... minimum copy 15 cents. ... given for a definite number ...
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... advertising must be ...
... advertising telephoned will ...
... permitted at top and ... at the cost of 25 cents per ...
... is an error in your ad notify ... The Capital Times is always ... error which is made ...

CLOSING HOURS
... must be in The Capital Times ... from the day of publication. ... later than noon will be in- ... following day.
... want, it will save you ... money to use The Capital ...

PHONE BADGER 2200

CARD OF THANKS 3
... our heartfelt thanks ... sympathy, and beautiful ... rendered us in our recent ...
Mr. and Mrs. Otto W. Zicbarth and family.

LOST OR FOUND 5
LOST—Tan handbag containing ... and registration card. Fair ... Phone Badger 1015.

MALE HELP 9
SELECTOR wanted at once. Apply Business Manager at Capital Times Office.

JANITOR WANTED at Star Hotel, 125 King ... phone.

MEN WANTED
... work in essential industry. ... at once to U. S. Sugar ... Fair Oaks or to U. S. Employment Service, City Hall.

... men wanted for university heating ... 45 cents an hour. Ask for ... Apply.

FEMALE HELP 10
SALESLADY—Wanted a young a saleslady ... goods or ready-to-wear, one who ... ability for permanent position paying ... per week. All correspondence confidential. Write Box 210 W, Capital Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for Dane County ... Committee. Phone Badger ...

FURNISHED ROOMS 16
... Furnished room for two. One ... Bench Battery. Phone Badger ...
... PARK—Furnished room, all modern conveniences. Within walking distance of the university. Phone Badger ...

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS 25
... in good condition at 301 N. ...
... STOVE (Round Oak), good as new. ... 11 J 11, after 6 o'clock.
... (Grand Leader), large size. ... Badger 5556.
... STOVE—Large size. Phone Badger ...
... in good condition. Call at ... West Mifflin or phone Badger 5654.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE 40
... New fumed oak chiffonier ... mahogany finish, chiffonier ... new fumed oak 45 inch dining ... $70.00; new fumed oak ... $22.50; new fumed ... $12.00; golden oak dining ... quarter sawed golden oak ... quarter sawed white ... dresser $8.00; large black ... $10.00; black walnut, ... $8.50; massive quar- ... sideboard $29.00; base burner ... wood stove $6.00.
... EAST SIDE STORE
... Phone Badger 7023

... and roll top office desk ... roll top dark oak desk ... oak typewriter desk $15.00; ... top office desk, good as ... large 60-inch light golden ... office desk, in very fine con- ... $25.00, our special price ... Brunner Estate gas range, in ... elevated ovens $19.00; 1 ... Jewel, elevated ovens, in ... condition $15.00.
H. F. SHARRATT
... Wilson St. Badger 1974

... HAMS for sale. 436 West Mif- ...

FOR SALE
... Reliable gas stove with lighter ... new $50.00; 1 Buck's coal and wood ... condition $26.50; 1 Quick Meal ... with warming closet ... Kewaunee dressing table, new, ... plate mirrors $20.00; 1 golden ... in first class condition $23.00; 1 ... Estate $15.00.
H. F. SHARRATT
... Wilson St. Phone 1974
... Storage Movers, Packing and Storage

... MACHINE (Singer-Shoemaker) ... taken this week. F. G. ... Williamson St.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE 40
COUGH STOP
... different. Tastes different, acts different, no narcotics. No dope of any kind. If it doesn't stop your cough it won't cost you anything. We back it up to the limit. 35c a bottle.
PALACE DRUG STORE
114 State St.
WE SAY IT'S DIFFERENT

PUMP AND TANK—One Wayne Gasoline curb pump and tank, capacity six barrels, latest model and in prime condition. Used about one year. Will sell for two hundred dollars F. O. B. here. A chance for you to save at least one hundred dollars. Write or come. Core & Wells, Lone Rock, Wis.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED 42
FURNITURE—Wanted, complete furniture for four room flat. Phone Badger 6147.

SUIT—Man's suit and overcoat if in good condition and size about 36. Write Box 36, Capital Times, stating price and your address.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS 28
PIANO—In good condition, for sale. Phone Badger 7754.

SERVICES OFFERED 35
BAGGAGE HAULING
TAXI SERVICE
Phone 805 Verges Transfer
CHIMNEYS, furnaces and cisterns cleaned and repaired. Phone 6819.

FALL MILLINERY
All kinds of velvets in the desirable new fall shades, trimmed and plain tailored, $10.00, $7.50, $5.00.
Julia Mohrhauser
309 State St.

HAVE THAT LEAKY ROOF REPAIRED
And your tin roof painted. Phone Badger 871. G. P. Larson, 1103 West Dayton St.

PICTURE FRAMING—Camera repairing Photo enlarging and finishing. Photoart House, phone 22.

MOVING, STORAGE, ETC. 37
Fireproof Storage
Sprinkler System. Insurance Rate 35c
Long Distance Moving
New Equipment. Efficient Service
Packing and Shipping
25 years' Experience. Reference Furnished
H. F. SHARRATT
317 E. Wilson St.
Phone: Office Badger 1974; Residence 831

AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE
FORD closed in delivery car. Phone Badger 77.

HOUSES 51
SOUTH MADISON—Five room new house. Phone Badger 2940 or Badger 1942. Inquire at Simon Bros. Fruit Store, State Street.

UNIVERSITY SECTION—Large house for rent, suitable for club or rooming house. Phone Piper Bros., Badger 561.

WANTED TO RENT 56
ROOMS—Three or four unfurnished, heated rooms wanted. Reasonable. Write C. D. 3 at Capital Times.

ROOM WANTED—Central location, private entrance. Reasonable price. Write J. K., care The Capital Times.

SMALL FARM—Cash rent or on shares. T. Herling, Jr., Madison, Wis. R. 3. Phone Badger 1510 R 4.

FARMS FOR SALE 59
Farm Lands
in the Richest Region on Earth
We have several thousand acres of land from which we have removed the merchantable log timber, that we are selling to settlers in very favorable terms. Will be glad to mail you booklet describing this territory.
TALLAHATCHIE LUMBER COMPANY
Phillip, Mississippi.

LEGAL NOTICES 65

First pub. Oct. 19, last Nov. 2
NOTICE TO CREDITORS
State of Wisconsin, County Court, Dane County—In Probate.
In Re Estate of JOHN N. MAHAN, Deceased.

Notice is Hereby Given, That at the Regular Term of said court to be held on the first Tuesday of December, A. D. 1918, at the Court House in the city of Madison, county of Dane and state of Wisconsin, there will be heard and considered the application of A. C. Hoppmann to admit to probate the last Will and Testament of John N. Mahan, late of the City of Madison in said county, deceased, and for the appointment of an executor, (or, administrator with Will annexed);

Notice is Hereby Further Given, That at the Regular term of said court to be held at said Court House, on the first Tuesday of March, A. D. 1919, there will be heard, considered and adjusted, all claims against said John N. Mahan, deceased;

And Notice Is Hereby Further Given, That all such claims for examination and allowance must be presented to said County court at the Court House, in the city of Madison, in said county and state, on or before the 17th day of February, A. D. 1919, or be barred.

Dated Oct. 17th, 1918.
By the Court,
A. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Judge.

Oct. 19 donw 8 wks—Sat.

First pub. Sept. 14; last Oct. 19
STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, DANE COUNTY.
Sophie Klauber, Plaintiff,
vs.
Isaac Sinaiko, Sarah Sinaiko, his wife, and Eugene Ambler, Defendants.—SUMMONS.
THE STATE OF WISCONSIN TO THE SAID DEFENDANTS:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint; of which a copy is herewith served upon you.
BAGLEY & REED,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
P. O. Address: Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin.

The summons and verified complaint in the above entitled action are on file in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for Dane County, Wisconsin.
Sept. 14 donw 6 wks—Sat.

PETEY DINK—Petey'll Be Safe if He Can Beat the Sneeze



TWELVE VACANCIES IN NAVAL SECTION

Weaver Wants Sailors to go Over the Top in Loan Subscriptions

There are still twelve vacancies in the naval section of the S. A. T. C. men who registered Sept. 12 may apply, as well as men who were placed on the waiting list by the department or who are interested in this branch of the service should report to headquarters. Enlistments will be permitted for only a short period.

Chief Yeoman Weaver is anxious that every man in the naval section should have a Liberty bond, desiring that the navy go over the top by having a hundred per cent subscription list. Men not able to pay outright can make use of the government payment system, which provides that the first payment of 10 per cent be made at once with a method of reducing the subsequent payments monthly from the man's pay. Those who are not able, through financial embarrassment, to make the first $5 payment now are asked to see Weaver in regard to an extension of time. There will be a parade of all naval men Monday afternoon and every man is expected to be there with a fourth Liberty loan button on. The bonds may be taken out at regimental headquarters, 630 North Lake street.

Naval uniforms are expected to arrive within a week.

Chief Yeoman Weaver issues the following warning:

"Any man caught in the act of whistling from the open windows of the barracks or in any way antagonizing the co-eds will be punished, that is 'put in the brig.'"

Of all the national organizations the navy has the best reputation and Mr. Weaver intends the section here shall not have a "black eye." The men must conduct themselves to uphold the ideals of the navy or——

It is requested that all navy men watch the bulletin board Saturday as the new drill periods will be assigned them.

WANT MORE MEN FOR MARINE CORPS

Permit 90 S. A. T. C. Men to Transfer—Uniforms Arrive Monday

S. A. T. C. army men may now transfer to the marine section which still has place for those who pass the requirements, it was officially announced today.

Lieut. Multer of the Marines received the following telegram from Washington last night:

"Marine Section Student Army Training Corps, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.:

"Continue induction Oct. 21. Telegraph total number of marine section, and approximate number in army section, who desire qualify marine corps."

According to Sergeant Young at marine headquarters, these orders enable men who are now in the army section of the S. A. T. C., but who wish to be transferred to the marines, to obtain a transfer, provided they can pass the necessary physical examination, and other requirements dictated by marine headquarters.

All men now in the army section who desire to enter the marine section, will apply at marine headquarters, 702 State street, and make application.

Seventy applicants have been accepted for the marines and the section's capacity is 160. Marine uniforms have been shipped from Philadelphia, and it is expected that they will be here for the commencement of marine drill on Monday morning.

ARCHERY PRACTICE STARTS NEXT WEEK

Archery practice for class teams will begin next week in preparation for the annual class tournament which will take place some time later in the season.

Miss Marie Hjermstead, student head of that sport, says, "A large number of women have taken up archery this year and seem to evidence great interest in making good records. We ought to have some fine teams in spite of our somewhat late beginning unless something comes up to divert the attention of the girls from the practice when we begin in earnest."

EVEN THE LITTLE MISS MUST CONSERVE



In order to help Uncle Sam to save wool this little miss wears a frock of black velvet. It is made with pipings of black satin and white satin collars and cuffs. Four smoked pearl buttons on the little blouse form the trimming. Her hat is also velvet with French blue ribbon trimming and a pink velvet cherry or two on the side.

For school and play she wears the velour hat on the right, which is developed in Pekin blue. A threaded design in tan chenille is worked on the upturned brim of the hat which really looks more like a cap.

PREXY IS ON HIS WAY HOME; LEFT FRANCE OCT. 16

President Van Hise left France for this country on or about the 16th of this month, according to a cablegram received by his office employes yesterday. The cable was sent on the 16th but gave no definite statement as to the date of sailing.

The date of the president's arrival depends on the speed of the boat on which he comes. Arrangements for his reception upon returning are to be in the hands of military headquarters.

"JACK" SMITH '18 AWARDED CROIX DE GUERRE IN FRANCE

Corp. Perry Coke Smith, known at the "U" as "Jack" Smith of the class of '18, has been awarded the Croix de Guerre for bravery in action.

"Jack" Smith is serving with the First Gas regiment in France. He left college at the end of his junior year, last spring, preferring to see active service to finishing his chemistry major in the college of Letters and Science. Smith was a member of the Phi Kappa Sigma fraternity.

BRITISH WOMEN MAKE AVIATORS' BOOTS WHICH MUST BE ELECTRICALLY HEATED



Among the industries into which women have gone are many which not even men knew about before the war. One of these industries which is very important is that of making electrically heated clothing for aviators. The soles of boots are wired in order that they may be electrically heated, but these are not the only things, gloves, headgear, coats and every part of an aviators equipment are thus heated. The picture shows a woman working on a boot.

MAKE WISHNEFSKY BADGER MANAGER

O'Shea in Charge of Business End; to be Marine Aviator

Ben M. Wishnefsky, '19, has been appointed business manager of the Liberty Badger. This was the announcement made this noon by Vincent O'Shea, '20, business manager-elect of the 1920 yearbook, who has enlisted in the marine aviation and will enter service within a few days.

Mr. Wishnefsky is well known for his work along business and forensic lines. Last year he acted as assistant advertising manager of the 1919 Badger. During the past summer he conducted a Liberty Badger advertising campaign in Milwaukee, resulting in the selling of many pages of space. He has acted as Madison correspondent for Milwaukee papers during the past three years. The new manager also has taken part in many forensic meets, and will represent the Athena Literary society in the joint debate of 1919.

According to Mr. Wishnefsky, who will enter upon the duties of his new office immediately, there are still many splendid openings on the Liberty Badger business staff. Of the ten departments whose work he will supervise, only two have been assigned heads. Tryouts for positions as managers of the other eight departments will be held immediately. All persons interested are urged to call at the new Badger office, 208 Main hall, tomorrow afternoon, or to call Mr. Wishnefsky at University 192 and make arrangements for tryouts.

COUNCIL SURVEYS WOMEN'S WAR WORK

Colleges Will Train Experts for Government Positions

No more war courses for women will be established in co-educational or women's colleges without a definite knowledge of the needs of the government and the plans already approved. Such a statement has been sent to all colleges enrolling women from the American council on education, Washington, D. C., of which Donald J. Cowling is president.

The emergency, according to the bulletin, is too great for independent action. A survey of the needs of the country such as is being made by the council will prevent any duplication or wasted effort on the part of instructors or students.

Highly trained women are needed after the war, it is declared by the council, which is exerting its influence to keep women at studies arranged for the purpose of creating experts.

Thousands of women in Washington doing clerical work that might be done by any elementary school graduate should be doing work as supervisors and managers, it is said. The inability to rise to such positions is due to the fact that they were over anxious to enter war work and sacrificed opportunities of education.

The rearrangement of work for men in many colleges has necessitated leaving the organization of additional special war servic courses for women until the second quarter. Meanwhile questionnaires will be filled out in women's colleges all over the country in regard to the exact type of training already being offered, the length of the course, the date of the beginning, and the date when repeated, the requirements for admission, the number admitted and the nature of the instruction.

HELP SCARCE; STUDENTS WANTED

The university employment bureau has announced a large demand for help in various lines. Students who desire work are asked to apply at the bureau on the first floor of the University library.

The following positions are among those to be filled: Ten places for men or women to wash dishes and wait on tables; two places for competent stenographers; one for a registered pharmacist; several for men or women to do light work about the house; and several for places for tending furnaces.

Applicants may get more specific information at the employment bureau. New calls are coming in every day, and the bureau will be glad to aid students in finding work.

MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—The final session of the week on the stock exchange was characterized by another outburst of bullish enthusiasm although the energies of the financial community were mainly directed toward the successful conclusion of the liberty bond loan. Activity was again most pronounced in the speculative issues notably oils, which were rather erratic, however, as a result of heavy selling for profits. Rails, steels, equipments, coppers and shippings contributed to the extensive dealings at the wide range of 1 to 2 points. Gains were mostly reduced at the end, a few leaders forfeiting all their advantage. The closing was irregular. Sales approximated 900,000 shares. Liberty bonds were steady.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST
(Last Sale)

American Beet Sugar	70⅜
American Can	46¼
American Car and Foundry	86⅞
American Locomotive	68
American Linseed	41⅞
American Smelting and Refining	90⅞
American Sugar	113½
American T. and T.	105⅛
Anaconda Copper	72⅝
Atchison	95
Atl., Gulf and W. Indies	40½
Baldwin Locomotive	82
Baltimore and Ohio	56¾
Bethlehem Steel "B"	70⅞
Canadian Pacific	170½
Central Leather	67⅛
Cnesapeake and Ohio	60½
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	51
Chicago, R. I. and Pac.	27⅝
Chino Copper	42⅝
Colorado Fuel and Iron	44⅛
Corn Products	44
Crucible Steel	56
Cuba Cane Sugar	33
Erie	16½
General Electric	158
General Motors	132½
Great Northern pfd.	94
Great Northern Ore Ctfs.	33⅜
Illinois Central	99½
Inspiration Copper	55½
Int. Mer. Marine	29¾
Int. Mer. Marine pfd.	117⅜
International Paper	34½
Kennecott Copper	37½
Louisville and Nashville	120
Maxwell Motors	36½
Mexican Petroleum	176¼
Miami Copper	29
Midvale Steel	47
Missouri Pacific	25⅝
New York Central	77⅞
Norfolk and Western	109
Northern Pacific	93⅞
Ohio Cities Gas	46⅝
Pennsylvania	46¾
Pittsburg Coal	62⅞
Ray Consolidated Copper	25⅝
Reading	91⅝
Republic Iron and Steel	86⅝
Sinclair Oil and Refining	37¼
Southern Pacific	98½
Southern Railway	31½
Studebaker Corporation	67
Tennessee Copper	17½
Texas Co.	196
Tobacco Products	73½
Union Pacific	135⅝
United Cigar Stores	104½
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	102½
United States Rubber	67½
United States Steel	110⅜
Utah Copper	90¾
Wabash Pfd. "A"	39½
Westinghouse Electric	44¾
Willys-Overland	25
New Haven	41½

ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK

SOUTH ST. PAUL—Hogs, receipts 2,000, 25 to 40 cents lower; range 15.25@16.35; bulk 16.75@16.05.

Cattle receipts 6,400; killers steady; steers 5.50@15.75; cows and heifers 6.50@9.50; veal calves steady, 5.50@14.50; stockers and feeders steady; 5.75@13.00.

Sheep receipts 17,000; steady; lambs 10.00@14.25; wethers 7.00@13.00; ewes 3.00@9.00.

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK

CHICAGO—Hogs, receipts 11,000, mostly 25 cents to 50 cents loewr than Friday's general trade; some mixed and packing grades show 75c decline; early top 18.15; practical top late 18.00. Butchers 17.25@18.15; light 16.75@17.90; packing 15.25@17.00; rough 14.50@15.25; pigs, good to choice 14.50@15.25.

Cattle 3,000; compared with a kew ago, better grades of medium and western steers 25 cents to 40 cents higher; common light 25 cents lower; beef cattle and canning stock unevenly steady to 25 cents lower; bulls 25 cents to 50 cents lower; calves 75 cents to $1 lower; feeding cattle closing 25 cents higher.

Sheep receipts 15,000; compared with a week ago, fat classes 25 cents to 50 cents lower; feeding and breeding stock unevenly 50 cents to $1 lower, ewes declining most.

No amount is Too Small to Lend Your Country. Buy War-Savings Stamps.

Weekly Grain Review

CHICAGO—Decisive action by the United States government not only stopped wild smashing of the price of corn this week, but has been mainly responble for lifting values 3⅝ to 10 cents as compared with a week ago. Oats this morning were also up ⅝ to 1¼ cents for the week and pork 72 cents to $1.72. On the other hand lard and ribs were down 57 cents to $1.

Weakness which the corn market had shown as a result of the German answer to President Wilson's inquiries disappeared like a flash when sudden notice came from federal sources that the administration would require large amounts of corn for November and December shipment. The exciting advances which followed amounted in some cases to 11 cents in five minutes. Next day traders were nearly unanimous in drawing bullish conclusions as to the effect of President Wilson's note to Germany, but 24 hours afterward sentiment reversed on reports of a financial panic in Berlin. Fresh advances, however, took place subsequently owing to denials that Germany had capitulated. Reports that the German U-boats had been recalled were nevertheless likewise rejected as bullish.

Hedging pressure operated to keep oats from fully reflecting strength of corn.

Lower quotations on hogs weakened lard and ribs. Offerings of pork though remained scarce.

CHICAGO GRAIN

CHICAGO—Week end covering by shorts led to decided upturns today in the corn market. Delay in the receipt of German answer to President Wilson's note was given a bullish construction and there was an evident tendency to even up trades to be prepared for any surprise happenings over Sunday. Besides, offerings were light. Initial prices which ranged from⅛ cent off to ¾ cent up with November 1.21¼ to 1.22 and December 1.16⅛ to 1.17, were followed by sharp gains all around.

Oats had an upward slant with corn. After opening ⅛ cent off to ¼ cent advance with November 66⅝ the market continued to ascend.

Provisions reflected weakness of the hog market. Pork fell the limit.

Corn, No. 2 yellow 1.52@1.54; No. 3 yellow 1.42@1.45; No. 4 yellow 1.30@1.35.

Oats, No. 3 white 67@68½; standard 68½@69.

Rye, No. 2, 1.62½@1.63; barley 90@1.00; timothy 7.00@10.00; clover and pork nominal; lard 25.40; ribs 21.75@22.50.

Profit taking sales led to reactions later. The close was unsettled, 1⅜ to 3⅜ cents net higher with November 1.22⅝ to ¾ and December 1.18⅛ to ⅜.

CHICAGO PRODUCE

CHICAGO—Butter unsettled, receipts 5,085 tubs; creamery extra 65 cents; firsts 52½@64½; seconds 50@52; standard 65 cents.

Cheese unchanged.

Eggs, receipts 4,360 cases; unchanged.

Potatoes higher, receipts 74 cars; Minnesota and Dakota bulk 1.65@1.85; ditto sacks 1.85@2.00; Wisconsin bulk 1.65@1.90; ditto sacks 1.90@2.00.

Poultry alive, unchanged.

MILWAUKEE GRAIN

MILWAUKEE—Corn, No. 3 yellow 1.37@1.40; No. 3 white 1.35@1.42; No. 3, 1.36@1.38; October 1.38⅝; November 1.22¾; December 1.18½.

Oats, standard 67¾; No. 3 white 67@68; No. 4 white 66¾@67¼; October 68¼; November 67; December 66¾.

Rye, No. 2, 1.54@1.55.

Barley malting and Wisconsin 93@1.03; feed and rejected 90@95.

Hay unchanged.

MILWAUKEE LIVESTOCK

MILWAUKEE—Hogs, receipts 1,000, 25 cents lower; prime heavy butchers 17.90@18.10; light butchers 17.60@18.00; fair to prime light 16.70@17.75; fair to best mixed 16.25@16.75; fair to selected packers 15.40@15.75; rough packers 13.00@15.25; pigs 13.00@15.00.

Cattle, calves and sheep none, steady.

MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR

MINNEAPOLIS—Flour unchanged. Shipments 88,994 barrels.

Barley 86@94.

Rye 1.57½@1.58½.

Bran 28.77.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat receipts 952 cars compared with 423 a year ago.

Cash; No. 1 northern, old, 2.21½.

Corn—No. 3 yellow 1.35@1.38.

Oats—No. 3 white 63¼@64¼.

Flax 3.36@3.39.

War-Savings Stamps Are Worth Self-Sacrifice.

REICHSTAG TO ASSEMBLE ON TUESDAY

Answer to Wilson Will Leave Opportunity for Negotiations, Belief

(By the Associated Press)

BERNE (Friday)—The German reply to President Wilson will not be completed and dispatched for several days, according to the latest Berlin advices. It is expected that the reichstag will be summoned to meet on Tuesday.

The grand admiral of the fleet and the chief of the naval staff have arrived in Berlin for consultation over the answer. It is believed the reply will be worded so that the door will be left open for further negotiations.

Berlin reports show the holding of a peace demonstration by thousands of workmen.

On the other hand the patriotic and economic associations assert the great German manufacturers' associations have adopted resolutions urging the organization of a stubborn defense.

Panic on Berlin Bourse

PARIS—There was another panic on the Berlin bourse Thursday, according to advices from Zurich, maritime securities are reported to have dropped 25 per cent and chemical products issues from 10 to 20 per cent.

Yanks Advance Four Miles.

WITH THE ALLIED ARMIES IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM (Friday, 10 p. m.)—British and American troops southeast of Le Cateau captured 1,200 prisoners and 120 guns today and have advanced about four miles since the attack began yesterday morning. The British are now more than three miles southeast of Lille. On the Belgian coast British warships are shelling the retreating Germans.

AMSTERDAM—The official text of President Wilson's note to Germany has been received and an agreement has been reached in principle regarding the reply, the Frankfort Gazette states.

The foreign affairs committee, the newspaper adds, has been acquainted with the definite terms of the reply, which it is understood will be handed to the Swiss minister at Berlin Saturday afternoon or evening.

ENEMY MOVES RAPIDLY ON BELGIAN LINE

(Continued from Page 1.)

The German infantry attack was preceded by a heavy artillery fire.

The Germans this morning continued their harassing fire east of the river Meuse.

Counter Attack Feeble

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN (Friday)—Feeble counter attacks were made by the Germans this morning east of the Meuse river, but they were easily repulsed. There were lively artillery duels during the morning, but little infantry fighting.

American patrols have partly cleansed out Logos wood and penetrated further into Bantheville wood. The enemy has been using many gas shells recently.

In captured dugouts infernal machines operated by mercury thermometers have been discovered, the bombs exploding when a certain temperature is reached.

During the advance yesterday the American troops captured 20,000 gallons of German gasoline.

WITH THE ALLIED FORCES IN FLANDERS (Friday, 10 p. m.)—French cavalry were reported tonight to have reached the outskirts of Grent. There is no official confirmation.

The infantry is pushing fast after the mounted forces.

The reports indicate a continuation of the rapid allied advance in the Belgian coast sector.

The British are meeting with little opposition in the Lille salient and to the northward. In most places difficulty is found in keeping contact with the enemy's main forces, owing to the rapidity of the retreat.

Yank Tanks Win

WITH THE ALLLIED ARMIES EAST OF CAMBRAI (Friday)—Tanks manned by Americans led the assault against the German forces entrenched on the eastern side of the Selle river yesterday. They were faced by German marine divisions which put up a hard fight. At one point the Germans delivered a counter attack and momentarily gained ground but the tanks quickly drove the enemy out of his trenches.

American engineers working under heavy machine gun fire placed bridges across the river and then the American and British infantry swept across.

British Enter Bazuel

LONDON (Friday)— In continuation of the offensive south of Le Cateau Field Marshal Haig's troops have captured the village of Wassigny, the British commander reported tonight.

The village of Ribeauxville, north of Wassigny also has been taken and British troops have entered Bazuel, still further north. More than 1,200 prisoners and a few guns were taken in the days' fighting.

French Official.

PARIS—The French continue successfully their advance south of Wassigny and east of Guise, according to the war office statement today. They have reached the Samsre canal on a front of nearly nine miles south of Hannappes.

Along the canal the French hold the towns of Hannappes, Tupigny and Noyales, since Oct. 17 in this region, the French first army has taken more than 3,000 prisoners and 20 guns.

East of Rethel the Germans have been driven from the territory between the Ardennes canal and the Aisne west of Attigny. The town of Ambly-Haut has been captured in addition to prisoners.

Take 15,000 Civilians

WITH THE BRITISH FORCES IN FRANCE — During the last fifteen days of their occupation of Lille the Germans took away into captivity 15,000 of the inhabitants of the city.

British Official

LONDON — The British are continuing their advance in Flanders north of the Sensee canal, Field Marshal Haig announced today.

Southeast of Le Cateau where British and American troops are operating, Bazuel and Mazinghien have been captured.

The British have advanced more than six miles east of Douai and they are in contact with the Germans east of Vred and Cattelet in that area.

Air Scouts Return.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN (11 a. m.)—All the aviators who took part in the all-American bombing expedition behind the German lines northwest of Verdun Friday have been accounted for. The scout planes in protecting the bombers brought down 12 enemy machines.

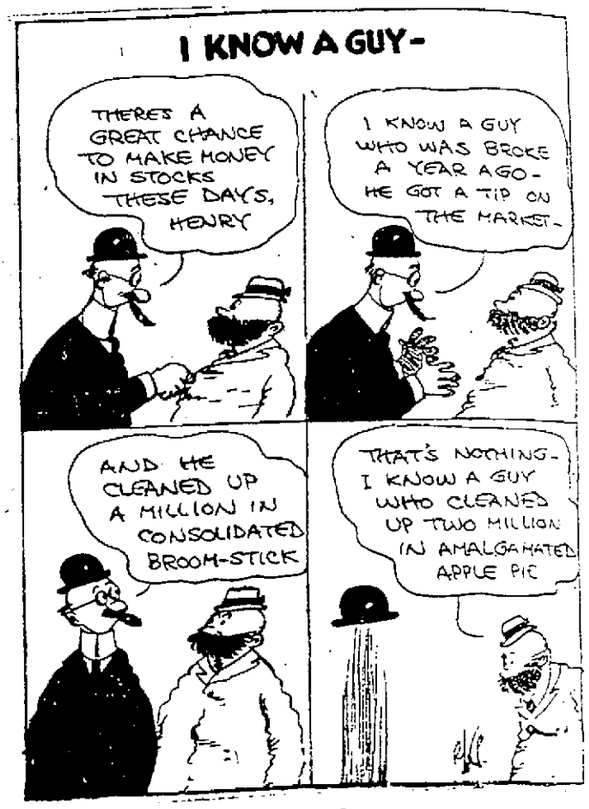
Observers report that excellent results were obtained. While the bombing squadrons attacked the towns and villages two squadrons of pursuit planes attacked enemy troops along the roadways with small bombs and machine gun fire.

Don't Be a SPENDER, BE A SAVER! Buy War-Savings Stamps!

IT'S ALL WRONG, BABY. IT'S ALL WRONG

By GOLDBERG





RUSSIAN PEOPLE GIVE MINISTERS DEATH EDICT

Politicians of Early Regime Summarily Shot, is Moscow Report

AMSTERDAM— Vladimir N. Kokovsoff, former minister of finance, and Prince Shakovskoy, former minister of trade and commerce, have been summarily shot, according to a Moscow dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin. They have been condemned to death by the people's court.

V. N. Kokovsoff had a noted career in Russian politics and was minister of finance in several cabinets during the imperial regime. He also served for a short time as premier. Prince Shakovskoy was a member of several ministeries during the Kerensky regime.

Day's Casualty List

WISCONSIN MEN

WOUNDED SEVERELY

Corp. Edward Koeppen, Oconto.
Pvt. Erick C. Giese, E. Ashland.
Pvt. Edward Heise, Wausau.
Pvt. Frank Martin, Janesville.
Pvt. Leslie C. Matson, Dunbarton.
Pvt. David J. Ruppel, Sheboygan.
Pvt. John Samolinski, Milwaukee.
Corp. Ederick O. Dahl, Chippewa Falls.
Corp. Joseph Prill, Marshfield.
Pvt. Wm. Campbell, Milwaukee.
Pvt. Bryan P. Dolan, Rhinelander.
Pvt. Anton Marboski, Manitowoc.

WOUNDED
(Degree Undetermined)

Lieut. Oscar T. Slagsvol, Eau Claire.
Pvt. Louis Pokorny, Milwaukee.
Corp. Michael Meuli, Chippewa
Pvt. John L. Larkin, Whitewater. Falls.
Pvt. Herbert W. Zuehlke, Horicon

MISSING IN ACTION

Pvt. Herbert J. Johnson, Milwaukee.
Pvt. Henry Just, Neillsville.
Pvt. Palmer C. Klingbeil, Clinton.
Pvt. Henry J. Kugler, Jacksonport.
Pvt. George V. Zemajtis, Beloit.

KILLED IN ACTION

Corp. Ben Jones, Camp Douglas.
Pvt. John J. Burcayk, Granville.
Pvt. Joseph J. Dusold, Manitowoc
Pvt. Joseph G. Gutschenritter, Hartford.
Pvt. Emil Koblitz, La Crosse.

PHARMACY BOARD ISSUES CERTIFICATES

Eighteen Candidates Pass Tests Given by State Body

Registered pharmacist certificates were issued to 18 candidates by the state board of pharmacy yesterday as follows:

Carl B. Giefer, Superior; Fern Barnard, Brillion; Neil C. Enger, Madison; Stephen G. Winkel, Sr., M. Medicia Bride, Marcus Flick, Abraham N. Shapiro, Lawrence Ramsey and Roman J. Dziennik, Milwaukee; James H. Wagner, Chilton.

Assistant pharmacist certificates were granted to Otto A. Roenlein, Otto Roenlein and Della L. Wolley, Madison; Thaddeus Sytkowski, Erwin F. Reibe, Eugene A. Tomkiewicz and Louis Romanik, Milwaukee.

The following board members were present: Otto J. S. Boberg, president, Eau Claire; H. G. Buenzel, Milwaukee; B. J. Kremer, Fond du Lac; Edward Williams, secretary, Madison.

The next meeting of the board will be held Jan. 14 to 17.

ROUMANIAN QUEEN ASKS U. S. TO HELP LIBERATE HER PEOPLE BY BUYING BONDS



Queen Marie of Roumania caring for wounded soldiers.

Queen Marie of Roumania realizes that her people will not be liberated from the oppression of the Hun until the Germans are brought to their knees. She urges Americans to buy their limit of Liberty bonds to speed up victory for the allies. The photo shows her in one of her hospitals, where she cares for many soldiers daily.

CZECHO-SLOVAK INDEPENDENCE IS RECOGNIZED

National Council Renounces Allegiance to Hapsburg Dynasty

AMSTERDAM—The first answer to the attempt of the Hapsburg dynasty to federalize the tottering empire came from Paris Friday. It was the announcement of the Declaration of Independence of the Czecho-Slovaks. The declaration was issued by the Czecho-Slovak national council, recognized by the United States and the entente allies as a belligerent de facto government.

The declaration, renouncing allegiance to the Hapsburg dynasty, announces principles for the foundation of a republic, made up of Bohemia and Slovakia, now a part of Hungary. The proposed constitution calls for full suffrage for both men and women, free speech and press, and public diplomacy.

The document is signed by Dr. Thomas G. Masaryk, president of the council, as premier and minister of finance, and by other officers of the provisional government.

War-Savings Stamps Are Worth Self-Sacrifice.

WILSON DECLARES PEOPLE SHALL BE JUDGES OF DESTINIES AND RIGHTS

(Continued on page 6)

communication of the imperial and royal government of Austria-Hungary to the president of the United States of America:

"'The Austro-Hungarian monarchy which has waged war always and solely as a defensive war and repeatedly given documentary evidence of its readiness to stop the shedding of blood and to arrive at just and honorable peace, hereby addresses itself to his lordship, the president of the United States of America, and offers to conclude with him and his allies an armistice on every front on land, at sea and in the air and to enter immediately upon negotiations for a peace for which the 14 points in the message of President Wilson to congress of January 8, 1918 and the four points contained in President Wilson's address of February 12, 1918 should serve as a foundation and in which the viewpoints declared by President Wilson in his address of September 27, 1918 will also be taken into account.'

"Be pleased to accept, etc.

"(Signed) W. A. F. Ekengren.

"His excellency, Mr. Robert Lansing, Secretary of state of the United States, Washington."

LARGE EXCESS IN COUNTY IS ANTICIPATED

Rural Communities Show Class One Loyalty by Big Loan Subscription

Dane county outside of Madison will undoubtedly exceed its Fourth Liberty Loan quota by more than $100,000, according to County Chairman FF. J. Vea today. Figures last night showing the country units well over the top were further augmented today, and up to noon amounted to $2,423,200. Forty thousand dollars of this was the Northwestern Mutual's contribution. With a quota of $2,338,200, this means that the county now has an oversubscription of $85,000. Further large sums are to be added. From townships not yet through additional returns are known to be held, awaiting only last hour efforts to bring all into line before sending the totals in to headquarters.

The total number of subscribers reported up to this noon reached 12,210, and many more are expected.

Fitchburg, after a game fight to meet a rather severe allotment, adopted vigorous methods to fulfill its obligations. Much non-resident property had been assessed for bonds, which made it more difficult to obtain the requisite amount throughout the district. They were about $9,000 short. Recognizing what failure might mean in the way of a blot upon the town, twenty leading men of the township met last night and talked it over. One man assessed himself for $1,000 bonds. Others followed according to their means, and so they made up the whole balance. Fitchburg today is over the top. Its allotment was $52,300.

Middleton is also making a brave fight to win. Here the allotment is $91,900, and the township campaign leaders are determined not to give up until the last effort has been exhausted. Medina is short about $5,000, but it is anticipated the town will be able to finish its allotment by tonight. Roxbury reported it is within about $2,000 of its quota. New figures from Sun Prairie this morning place that town well over the $100,000 mark. Its quota is $99,200. C. A. Lewis, chairman, has engineered the campaign with results more than usually satisfactory. Twenty-six towns are officially over the top.

Cruelty Will Be Denied, Report

(By the Associated Press)

COPENHAGEN — Germany's reply to President Wilson, it is said by the Politiken, will deny the president's accusation of German cruelties, and declare the submarine warfare cannot be stopped as long as there is no agreement as to an armistice.

The reply, the newspaper declares, will not reject the president's demands, but will make further negotiations possible.

PRESIDENT POINCARE VISITS FREED AREA

PARIS—President Poincare today visited the regions in the Champagne that recently have been freed from the German occupation.

A WAR SAVER is a Life SAVER. Buy War-Savings Stamps!

STOUGHTON SOLDIER AWARDED GOLD BAR

Sergt. Emil Nelson Gerhard, Stoughton, has been recommended for a commission as second lieutenant of field artillery, having graduated from the central field artillery officers' training camp at Camp Taylor, Ky.

Don't Be a SPENDER, BE A SAVER! Buy War-Savings Stamps!

ASKS CLOSING BAN EXTENDED TO SALOONS

Prohibitionist League Petitions Order as Effective Against Epidemic

The headquarters committee of the Wisconsin Anti-Saloon league, Henry Colman, secretary, Friday, sent a letter of Gov. Philipp asking the extension of the closing order to close saloons. The letter is as follows:

"The Wisconsin Anti-Saloon league, representing the federated church and temperance forces of the state, hereby expresses approval of your advisory order closing religious, educational, patriotic and liberty loan gatherings, and urging transportation and industrial concerns to prevent congregating of people as a means to preserve our national health and war efficiency.

"We note, however, what seems an important oversight in the order. The unsanitary methods of handling drinking glasses in saloons is notoriously conducive to direct contagion. Medical science tells us that the white blood corpuscles, which ordinarily destroy disease germs, are put to sleep by alcohol, facilitating the rapid development of disease in those exposed while drinking liquor. Thus, the saloon makes both a direct and indirect attack upon the national health. Your advisory order greatly increases the danger from this source, since, with religious, educational, patriotic and other gatherings forbidden, the saloons (always notorious violators of the state's Sunday-closing law) have been more than ever visited on that day, multiplying the danger as sources of contagion.

"May we recite the fact that our pride was humiliated when the United States navy department recently ordered the Sunday closing of Racine saloons because of failure to enforce Sunday closing was not only hampering the output of war munitions in that city, but was seriously interfering with such output in Illinois, and nullifying the thorough enforcement of a similar law by the chief executive of that state.

"May we also call attention to the official testimony before congress which resulted in the revocation of the charter of the National German-American alliance for disloyalty; that this organization was largely financed by the United States Brewers' association and individual brewers, including several Wisconsin brewers; and to the further well known fact that the majority of saloons are controlled by breweries?

"In view of the above facts, considerations of public health, national safety, and a just fear lest the special immunity now enjoyed by the saloons subject our state to undeserved criticism, urge the extension of your advisory order, at least so far as to require observance of the statute closing saloons on Sunday. We therefore respectfully petition you by executive proclamation to order the immediate enforcement of the present Sunday-closing law, and to supplement the present advisory order by asking saloons on week days to observe the same voluntary closing as now advised to pool halls, bowling alleys, prayer meetings, and other places of congregation.

"Your public demand for war efficiency and destruction of pro-Germanism precluded the thought that considerations of business or politics could weigh with you against the national health, the winning of the war, or the destruction of Germanism in America. We, therefore, expectantly await your order enforcing the statute closing saloons on Sunday, and applying the same closing rule to saloons as to other places during week days."

The members of the headquarters committee of the Wisconsin Anti-Saloon league are: Chairman, F. J. Vea, Stoughton Wagon company; E. J. Lindsay, Lindsay Brothers, Milwaukee; J. G. Phillips, Diamond Lumber company, Green Bay, representing the Wisconsin Hemlock & Hardwood Lumber association; Jamson G. Rosebush, Patten Paper company, Appleton; John Strange, John Strange Paper company, Neenah; Alexander E. Matheson, Whitehead & Matheson, attorneys, Janesville; John Geerlings, Central Union Trades council, Milwaukee; Emerson Ela, Gilbert & Ela, attorneys, Madison; Dr. Samuel Plantz, president, Lawrence college, Appleton; Rev. J. C. Hogan, Oshkosh; Rev. W. G. Raddatz, Milwaukee; Rev. Henry Colman, Milwaukee.

3 PNEUMONIA VICTIMS ADDED TO DEATH LIST

Miss Gertrude Annen, Roy Phillips and Cornelius Coffey Succumb

Three more deaths from pneumonia occurred in Madison last night and this morning.

The lates was that of Miss Gertrude Annen, 29 years old, 105 Marion street. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Annen of Middleton and was employed in a Madison store. Death occurred at the General hospital this morning at 2:30 o'clock.

Last night's deaths were those of Roy Phillips, university student, and Cornelius Coffey, 432 West Dayton street.

Phillips was 18 years old and lived at Mineral Point. The body was turned over to the Fitch Undertaking company and was shipped to Mineral Point today.

Coffee died at his home after a week's illness. He formerly lived at Ottawa, Ill., and is survived by two sisters, Josephine and Margaret, both of Madison.

St. Mary's hospital reported 10 deaths last night. This institution has been crowded with patients for more than 10 days, but no deaths have occurred there for three days.

Just when the schools, theaters, churches and other places now closed, will be opened is doubtful, but Dr. C. A. Harper, state health officer, stated the ban probably would be raised in about a week.

Dr. G. W. Henika of the state health department stated this afternoon that the reopening of the schools, theaters and other places would not be even considered until next week. He said that several cities in other states have been visited by a second epidemic as a result of lifting the ban too soon, and that a second epidemic is not wanted here.

The city health department, he said, has the power to lift the ban in Madison whenever it feels that conditions will permit such action, but that, as it is cooperating fully with the state board, no such action will be taken without first consulting the state body.

The bodies of two university students, Joseph Hansen of Elkhorn and Michael M. Gruber of Stanley, were shipped to their homes today. Each was escorted to the station by a company of student soldiers.

The body of Roy Phillips will be shipped to Mineral Point tomorrow morning and will be furnished a military escort to the station.

Have you ENLISTED in the Army of Savers? Buy War-Savings Stamps.